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SPOP (h3): 293 Lysate: sc-129835

BACKGROUND

SPOP (speckle-type POZ protein), also known as TEF2, HIB homolog 1 or Roadkill homolog 1, is a member of the Tdpoz family containing one N-terminal MATH (Meprin and TRAF Homology) domain and one C-terminal BTB/POZ domain. SPOP can exist as a homodimer and is expressed in a variety of tissues localizing to the nucleus. Through an interaction with CUL-3, SPOP is involved in ubiquitinylation and protein degradation. SPOP specifically interacts with CUL-3 via its BTB/POZ domain and recruits substrates to the CUL-3-based ubiquitin ligase via its MATH domain. Substrates recruited by SPOP and targeted for ubiquitylation via the CUL-3/SPOP complex include PDX-1, Bmi-1, MacroH2A, PIPK II β and Daxx. These substrates are subsequently degraded by the proteasome. In addition, SPOP itself becomes ubiquitylated by the CUL-3-based ubiquitin ligase and is targeted for proteasomal degradation. SPOPL (speckle-type POZ protein-like), also known as HIB homolog 2 or Roadkill homolog 2, is a 392 amino acid nuclear protein that may be involved in ubiquitination and proteasomal degradation processes. SPOP and SPOPL share significant amino acid sequence homology.

REFERENCES

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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: SPOP (human) mapping to 17q21.33.

PRODUCT

SPOP (h3): 293 Lysate represents a lysate of human SPOP transfected 293 cells and is provided as 100 μ g protein in 200 μ l SDS-PAGE buffer.

APPLICATIONS

SPOP (h3): 293 Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for human reactive SPOP antibodies. Recommended use: 10-20 μ l per lane.

Control 293 Lysate: sc-110760 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293 cells.

STORAGE

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.