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- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

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# CRM1 (h): 293T Lysate: sc-171482



## BACKGROUND

Protein transport across the nucleus is a selective, multistep process involving several cytoplasmic factors. Proteins must be recognized as import substrates, dock at the nuclear pore complex and translocate across the nuclear envelope in an ATP-dependent fashion. Two cytosolic factors centrally involved in the recognition and docking process are the karyopherin  $\alpha$ 1 and karyopherin  $\beta$ 1 subunits. p62 glycoprotein is a nucleoporin that is not only involved in the nuclear import of proteins, but also the export of nascent mRNA strands. NTF2 (nuclear transport factor 2) interacts with nucleoporin p62 as a homodimer composed of two monomers, and may be an obligate component of functional p62. CRM1 has been shown to be an export receptor for leucine-rich proteins that contain the nuclear export signal (NES).

## REFERENCES

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2. Paschal, B.M., et al. 1995. Identification of NTF2, a cytosolic factor for nuclear import that interacts with nuclear pore complex protein p62. *J. Cell Biol.* 129: 925-937.
3. Dargemont, C., et al. 1995. Direct interaction of nucleoporin p62 with mRNA during its export from the nucleus. *J. Cell Sci.* 108: 257-263.
4. Lounsbury, K.M., et al. 1996. Ran binding domains promote the interaction of Ran with p97/ $\beta$  karyopherin, linking the docking and translocation steps of nuclear import. *J. Biol. Chem.* 271: 2357-2360.
5. Moroianu, J., et al. 1996. The binding site of karyopherin  $\alpha$  for karyopherin  $\beta$  overlaps with a nuclear localization sequence. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 93: 6572-6576.
6. Moroianu, J., et al. 1996. Nuclear protein import: Ran-GTP dissociates the karyopherin  $\alpha\beta$  heterodimer by displacing  $\alpha$  from an overlapping binding site on  $\beta$ . *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 93: 7059-7062.
7. Ullman, K.S., et al. 1997. Nuclear export receptors: from importin to exportin. *Cell* 90: 967-970.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: XPO1 (human) mapping to 2p15.

## PRODUCT

CRM1 (h): 293T Lysate represents a lysate of human CRM1 transfected 293T cells and is provided as 100  $\mu$ g protein in 200  $\mu$ l SDS-PAGE buffer.

## APPLICATIONS

CRM1 (h): 293T Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for human reactive CRM1 antibodies. Recommended use: 10-20  $\mu$ l per lane.

Control 293T Lysate: sc-117752 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293T cells.

## STORAGE

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.