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ZCCHC17 (h3): 293T Lysate: sc-174489

BACKGROUND

Zinc-finger proteins contain DNA-binding domains and have a wide variety of functions, most of which encompass some form of transcriptional activation or repression. ZCCHC17 (zinc finger, CCHC domain containing 17), also known as PS1D (putative S1 RNA-binding domain protein), Pnn (Pinin)-interacting nucleolar protein or pNO40, is a 241 amino acid protein that associates with both Pinin and the 60S ribosomal subunit. Localizing to nucleolus, ZCCHC17 is ubiquitously expressed and has been suggested to play a role in ribosome maturation and biogenesis. ZCCHC17 contains one CCHC-type zinc finger, a S1 motif domain and exists as two alternatively spliced isoforms that map to human chromosome 1p35.2. Human chromosome 1 spans 260 million base pairs, contains over 3,000 genes, comprises nearly 8% of the human genome and houses a large number of disease-associated genes, including those that are involved in Stickler syndrome, Parkinson's disease, Gaucher disease and Usher syndrome.

REFERENCES

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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: ZCCHC17 (human) mapping to 1p35.2.

PRODUCT

ZCCHC17 (h3): 293T Lysate represents a lysate of human ZCCHC17 transfected 293T cells and is provided as 100 µg protein in 200 µl SDS-PAGE buffer.

STORAGE

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

APPLICATIONS

ZCCHC17 (h3): 293T Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for human reactive ZCCHC17 antibodies. Recommended use: 10-20 µl per lane.

Control 293T Lysate: sc-117752 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293T cells.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.