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Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



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β-Arrestin-2 (h2): 293T Lysate: sc-176429



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

The members of the G protein-coupled receptor family are distinguished by their slow transmitting response to ligand binding. These seven transmembrane proteins include the adrenergic, serotonin and dopamine receptors. The effect of the signaling molecule can be excitatory or inhibitory depending on the type of receptor to which it binds. Members of the β -Arrestin family regulate receptor binding to G proteins. β -Arrestins have been found to be located at postsynaptic sites, where they are thought to act in concert with β ARK (β ARK-1, also designated GRK 2, or β ARK-2, also designated GRK 3) to regulate G protein-coupled neurotransmitter receptors. Expression of β -Arrestin-1 and β -Arrestin-2 is seen predominantly in spleen and neuronal tissues. It has been shown that β -Arrestin-1 expression is modulated by intracellular cAMP, which may be a novel mechanism for the regulation of receptor-mediated responses.

REFERENCES

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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: ARRB2 (human) mapping to 17p13.2.

PRODUCT

 $\beta\text{-Arrestin-2}$ (h2): 293T Lysate represents a lysate of human $\beta\text{-Arrestin-2}$ transfected 293T cells and is provided as 100 μg protein in 200 μl SDS-PAGE buffer.

STORAGE

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

APPLICATIONS

 β -Arrestin-2 (h2): 293T Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for human reactive β -Arrestin-2 antibodies. Recommended use: 10-20 μl per lane.

Control 293T Lysate: sc-117752 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293T cells.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

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