



# SZABO SCANDIC

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## Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

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See the following pages for more information!



### Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere [Liefer- und Versandbedingungen](#)

### Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

### SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

Quellenstraße 110, A-1100 Wien

T. +43(0)1 489 3961-0

F. +43(0)1 489 3961-7

[mail@szabo-scandic.com](mailto:mail@szabo-scandic.com)

[www.szabo-scandic.com](http://www.szabo-scandic.com)

[linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic](https://www.linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic) 



# GI Syn (h4): 293 Lysate: sc-177288

## BACKGROUND

Glutamine synthetase (GI Syn) forms a homo-octamer that serves as a catalyst for the amination of glutamic acid to form glutamine. This enzyme is a marker for astrocytes, which serve as the primary site of conversion of glutamic acid to glutamine in the brain. Induction of glutamine synthetase is seen upon astrocyte cell contact with neurons. Elevated expression of glutamine synthetase in glial cells has been shown to protect neurons from degeneration due to excess glutamate. Glutamine synthetase is also present in the liver and is involved in nitrogen homeostasis. Overexpression of glutamine synthetase has been shown in primary liver cancers, indicating a potential role for glutamine synthetase in hepatocyte transformation.

## REFERENCES

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3. Vardimon, L., Fox, L.L., Degenstein, L. and Moscona, A.A. 1988. Cell contacts are required for induction by cortisol of glutamine synthetase gene transcription in the retina. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 85: 5981-5985.
4. Mill, J.F., Mearow, K.M., Purohit, H.J., Haleem-Smith, H., King, R. and Freese, E. 1991. Cloning and functional characterization of the rat glutamine synthetase gene. *Brain Res. Mol. Brain Res.* 9: 197-207.
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6. Christa, L., Simon, M.T., Flinois, J.P., Gebhardt, R., Brechot, C. and Lasserre, C. 1994. Overexpression of glutamine synthetase in human primary liver cancer. *Gastroenterology* 106: 1312-1320.
7. Gorovits, R., Avidan, N., Avisar, N., Shaked, I. and Vardimon, L. 1997. Glutamine synthetase protects against neuronal degeneration in injured retinal tissue. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 94: 7024-7029.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: GLUL (human) mapping to 1q25.3.

## PRODUCT

GI Syn (h4): 293 Lysate represents a lysate of human GI Syn transfected 293 cells and is provided as 100 µg protein in 200 µl SDS-PAGE buffer.

## STORAGE

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.

## APPLICATIONS

GI Syn (h4): 293 Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for human reactive GI Syn antibodies. Recommended use: 10-20 µl per lane.

Control 293 Lysate: sc-110760 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293 cells.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.