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# UBE2C (h4): 293T Lysate: sc-178107

## BACKGROUND

The ubiquitin (Ub) pathway involves three sequential enzymatic steps that facilitate the conjugation of Ub and Ub-like molecules to specific protein substrates. The first step requires the ATP-dependent activation of the Ub C-terminus and the assembly of multi-Ub chains by the Ub-activating enzyme known as the E1 component. The Ub chain is then conjugated to the Ub-conjugating enzyme (E2) to generate an intermediate Ub-E2 complex. The Ub-ligase (E3) then catalyzes the transfer of Ub from E2 to the appropriate protein substrate. UBE2C, also designated UBCH10 in human, is an E2 ubiquitin conjugating enzyme for the anaphase promoting complex (APC), which coordinates mitosis and G<sub>1</sub> by sequentially promoting the degradation of key cell-cycle regulators. UBE2C is overexpressed in many different types of cancers and may be a potential therapeutic target.

## REFERENCES

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## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: UBE2C (human) mapping to 20q13.12.

## PRODUCT

UBE2C (h4): 293T Lysate represents a lysate of human UBE2C transfected 293T cells and is provided as 100 µg protein in 200 µl SDS-PAGE buffer.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## APPLICATIONS

UBE2C (h4): 293T Lysate is suitable as a Western Blotting positive control for human reactive UBE2C antibodies. Recommended use: 10-20 µl per lane.

Control 293T Lysate: sc-117752 is available as a Western Blotting negative control lysate derived from non-transfected 293T cells.

## STORAGE

Store at -20° C. Repeated freezing and thawing should be minimized. Sample vial should be boiled once prior to use. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.