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# GABA<sub>A</sub> Rp1 siRNA (m): sc-42458

## BACKGROUND

GAD-65 and GAD-67, glutamate decarboxylases function to catalyze the production of GABA ( $\gamma$ -aminobutyric acid). In the central nervous system GABA functions as the main inhibitory transmitter by increasing a Cl<sup>-</sup> conductance that inhibits neuronal firing. GABA has been shown to activate both ionotropic (GABA<sub>A</sub>) and metabotropic (GABA<sub>B</sub>) receptors as well as a third class of receptors called GABA<sub>C</sub>. Both GABA<sub>A</sub> and GABA<sub>C</sub> are ligand-gated ion channels, however, they are structurally and functionally distinct. Members of the GABA<sub>A</sub> receptor family include GABA<sub>A</sub> R $\alpha$ 1-6, GABA<sub>A</sub> R  $\beta$ 1-3, GABA<sub>A</sub> R $\gamma$ 1-3, GABA<sub>A</sub> R $\delta$ , GABA<sub>A</sub> R $\epsilon$ , GABA<sub>A</sub> Rp1 and GABA<sub>A</sub> Rp2. The GABA<sub>B</sub> family is composed of GABA<sub>B</sub> R1 $\alpha$  and GABA<sub>B</sub> R1 $\beta$ . GABA transporters have also been identified and include GABA T-1, GABA T-2 and GABA T-3 (also designated GAT-1, -2, and -3). The GABA transporters function to terminate GABA action.

## REFERENCES

1. Cherubini, E., et al. 1991. GABA: an excitatory transmitter in early postnatal life. *Trends Neurosci.* 14: 515-519.
2. Dirx, R., Jr., et al. 1995. Targeting of the 67-kDa isoform of glutamic acid decarboxylase to intracellular organelles is mediated by its interaction with the NH<sub>2</sub>-terminal region of the 65-kDa isoform of glutamic acid decarboxylase. *J. Biol. Chem.* 270: 2241-2246.
3. Lukasiewicz, P.D. 1996. GABA<sub>C</sub> receptors in the vertebrate retina. *Mol. Neurobiol.* 12: 181-194.
4. Kaupmann, K., et al. 1997. Expression cloning of GABA<sub>B</sub> receptors uncovers similarity to metabotropic glutamate receptors. *Nature* 386: 239-246.
5. Wegelius, K., et al. 1998. Distribution of GABA receptor  $\rho$  subunit transcripts in the rat brain. *Eur. J. Neurosci.* 10: 350-357.
6. Boue-Grabot, E., et al. 1998. Expression of GABA receptor  $\rho$  subunits in rat brain. *J. Neurochem.* 70: 899-907.
7. Bailey, M.E., et al. 1999. Genetic linkage and radiation hybrid mapping of the three human GABA<sub>C</sub> receptor  $\rho$  subunit genes: GABRR1, GABRR2 and GABRR3. *Biochim. Biophys. Acta* 1447: 307-312.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Gabrr1 (mouse) mapping to 4 A5.

## PRODUCT

GABA<sub>A</sub> Rp1 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see GABA<sub>A</sub> Rp1 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-42458-SH and GABA<sub>A</sub> Rp1 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-42458-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of GABA<sub>A</sub> Rp1 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-42458A, sc-42458B and sc-42458C.

## STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNase-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

## APPLICATIONS

GABA<sub>A</sub> Rp1 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of GABA<sub>A</sub> Rp1 expression in mouse cells.

## SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10  $\mu$ M in 66  $\mu$ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

## RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor GABA<sub>A</sub> Rp1 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: GABA<sub>A</sub> Rp1 (m)-PR: sc-42458-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.