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## Produktinformation



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### Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

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# OATP-C siRNA (h): sc-42549

## BACKGROUND

The organic anion transporting polypeptides, OATP-A (also designated OATP1, OATP1A2 and SLC21A3) and OATP-C (also designated OATP2, SLC21A6 and LST1), mediate hepatic uptake of cardiac glycosides. The expression of OATP-C, but not OATP-A, is inducible by phenobarbital and pregnenolone-16 $\alpha$ -carbonitrile, resulting in the increased capacity of the liver to extract cardiac glycosides from the plasma. OATP-A is expressed in liver and kidney and helps mediate sodium-independent uptake of the anionic steroid conjugates dehydroepiandrosterone sulfate, estradiol-17-glucuronide and prostaglandin. OATP-C is exclusively expressed in liver and is localized to the basolateral hepatocyte membrane. Although OATP-C mRNA levels decrease during pregnancy and increase postpartum, OATP-C protein levels remain relatively constant. OATP-C transports taurocholic acid, the adrenal androgen dehydroepiandrosterone sulfate, thyroid hormone, hydroxymethylglutaryl-CoA reductase inhibitor and pravastatin. OATP-C is therefore a novel organic anion transport protein that has overlapping but not identical substrate specificities with other subtypes of OATP. OATP-A and OATP-C are both pravastatin transporters, suggesting that they are responsible for the hepatic uptake of the liver-specific hydroxymethylglutaryl-CoA reductase inhibitor in mouse, rat and human.

## REFERENCES

- Hsiang, B., et al. 1999. A novel human hepatic organic anion transporting polypeptide (OATP2). *J. Biol. Chem.* 274: 37161-37168.
- König, J., et al. 2000. Localization and genomic organization of a new hepatocellular organic anion transporting polypeptide. *J. Biol. Chem.* 275: 23161-23168.
- Cattori, V., et al. 2000. Identification of organic anion transporting polypeptide 4 (Oatp4) as a major full-length isoform of the liver-specific transporter-1 (rlst-1) in rat liver. *FEBS Lett.* 474: 242-245.
- König, J., et al. 2000. A novel human organic anion transporting polypeptide localized to the basolateral hepatocyte membrane. *Am. J. Physiol. Gastrointest. Liver Physiol.* 278: G156-G164.
- Rausch-Derra, L.C., et al. 2001. Differential effects of microsomal enzyme-inducing chemicals on the hepatic expression of rat organic anion transporters, OATP1 and OATP2. *Hepatology* 33: 1469-1478.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: SLC01B1 (human) mapping to 12p12.2.

## PRODUCT

OATP-C siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see OATP-C shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-42549-SH and OATP-C shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-42549-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of OATP-C (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-42549A, sc-42549B and sc-42549C.

## STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNase-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

## APPLICATIONS

OATP-C siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of OATP-C expression in human cells.

## SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10  $\mu$ M in 66  $\mu$ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

## GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

OATP-C (A-3): sc-271157 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of OATP-C gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

## RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor OATP-C gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: OATP-C (h)-PR: sc-42549-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.