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PMCA3 siRNA (m): sc-42601

BACKGROUND

Plasma membrane-type Ca²⁺-ATPases (PMCA) mediate the export of bivalent calcium ions from eukaryotic cells. As members of the P class of ion-motive ATPases, PMCA are a functionally diverse group of proteins that are derived from alternatively spliced transcripts originating from four distinct genes, PMCA1, 2, 3, and 4. The expression of different PMCA isoforms and splice variants is regulated in a developmental, tissue- and cell type-specific manner, and with respect to the physiological needs of specific cell and tissue types. Spatial and temporal rates of resting intracellular Ca²⁺ concentrations and Ca²⁺ signaling in eukaryotic cells are dependent on the array of PMCA isoforms that are expressed in concert with the rate of Ca²⁺ export. PMCA3 expression is confined to brain and skeletal muscle. The PMCA4 gene is located on human chromosome 1q25 and is ubiquitously expressed.

REFERENCES

1. Olson, S., et al. 1991. Localization of two genes encoding plasma membrane Ca²⁺-transporting ATPases to human chromosomes 1q25-32 and 12q21-23. *Genomics* 9: 629-641.
2. Eakin, T.J., et al. 1995. Localization of the plasma membrane Ca²⁺-ATPase isoform PMCA3 in rat cerebellum, choroid plexus and hippocampus. *Brain Res. Mol. Brain Res.* 29: 71-80.
3. Garcia, M.L., et al. 1999. Plasma membrane calcium ATPases as critical regulators of calcium homeostasis during neuronal cell function. *Front. Biosci.* 4: D869-D882.
4. Fresu, L., et al. 1999. Plasma membrane calcium ATPase isoforms in astrocytes. *Glia* 28: 150-155.
5. Strehler, E.E., et al. 2001. Role of alternative splicing in generating isoform diversity among plasma membrane calcium pumps. *Physiol. Rev.* 81: 21-50.
6. Caride, A.J., et al. 2001. Delayed activation of the plasma membrane calcium pump by a sudden increase in Ca²⁺: fast pumps reside in fast cells. *Cell Calcium* 30: 49-57.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: *Atp2b3* (mouse) mapping to X A7.3.

PRODUCT

PMCA3 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μM solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see PMCA3 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-42601-SH and PMCA3 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-42601-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of PMCA3 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-42601A, sc-42601B and sc-42601C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μl of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μl of RNase-free water makes a 10 μM solution in a 10 μM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

PMCA3 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of PMCA3 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μM in 66 μl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

PMCA3 (G-6): sc-390148 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of PMCA3 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgGκ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgGκ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor PMCA3 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: PMCA3 (m)-PR: sc-42601-PR (20 μl). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.