



SZABO SCANDIC

Part of Europa Biosite

Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten!
See the following pages for more information!



Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere [Liefer- und Versandbedingungen](#)

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

Quellenstraße 110, A-1100 Wien

T. +43(0)1 489 3961-0

F. +43(0)1 489 3961-7

mail@szabo-scandic.com

www.szabo-scandic.com

[linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic](https://www.linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic) 

Rae-1 β siRNA (m): sc-42953

BACKGROUND

Natural killer (NK) cells attack tumor and infected cells, but the receptors and ligands that stimulate them are poorly understood. Two murine ligands for the lectin-like receptor NKG2-D, H60 and retinoic acid early inducible (Rae-1 α , β , γ , δ and ϵ), are distant relatives of major histocompatibility complex class I molecules. These molecules are encoded by Rae-1 and H60 minor histocompatibility antigen genes on mouse chromosome 10 and show weak homology with MHC class I. Expression of the NKG2-D ligands is low or absent on normal adult tissues; however, they are constitutively expressed on some tumors and upregulated by retinoic acid. Ectopic expression of Rae-1 and H60 confers target susceptibility to NK cell attack. NKG2-D binds to H60 with approximately 25-fold higher affinity than to Rae-1. Rae-1 and H60 compete directly for occupancy of NKG2-D; therefore, NKG2-D can be occupied by only one ligand at a time. Additionally, Rae-1 and H60 ligands of the NKG2-D receptor stimulate tumor immunity.

REFERENCES

1. Zou, Z., et al. 1996. Isolation and characterization of retinoic acid-inducible cDNA clones in F9 cells: a novel cDNA family encodes cell surface proteins sharing partial homology with MHC class I molecules. *J Biochem* 119: 319-328.
2. Diefenbach, A., et al. 2000. Ligands for the murine NKG2-D receptor: expression by tumor cells and activation of NK cells and macrophages. *Nat. Immunol.* 1: 119-126.
3. Cerwenka, A., et al. 2000. Retinoic acid early inducible genes define a ligand family for the activating NKG2-D receptor in mice. *Immunity* 12: 721-727.
4. O'Callaghan, C.A., et al. 2001. Molecular competition for NKG2-D: H60 and Rae-1 compete unequally for NKG2-D with dominance of H60. *Immunity* 15: 201-211.
5. Diefenbach, A., et al. 2001. Rae-1 and H60 ligands of the NKG2-D receptor stimulate tumour immunity. *Nature* 413: 165-171.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Raet1b (mouse) mapping to 10 A3.

PRODUCT

Rae-1 β siRNA (m) is a target-specific 19-25 nt siRNA designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see Rae-1 β shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-42953-SH and Rae-1 β shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-42953-V as alternate gene silencing products.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

Rae-1 β siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of Rae-1 β expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor Rae-1 β gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: Rae-1 β (m)-PR: sc-42953-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.