

Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien
Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial
Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik
Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten! See the following pages for more information!



Lieferung & Zahlungsart siehe unsere Liefer- und Versandbedingungen

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

Quellenstraße 110, A-1100 Wien T. +43(0)1 489 3961-0 F. +43(0)1 489 3961-7 <u>mail@szabo-scandic.com</u> www.szabo-scandic.com

SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

EAT-2 siRNA (m): sc-42971



BACKGROUND

The pathogenesis of the Ewing sarcoma family of tumors is characterized by the presence of an EWS/FLI1 fusion gene following a translocation between chromosomes 11 and 22, which results in the expression of a chimeric protein. Originally isolated from Ewing's sarcoma tumor cells lines, the EWS/FLI1 activated transcript 2 (EAT-2) protein is an intracellular signaling protein that is expressed in immune cells, including macrophages and B lymphocytes. EAT-2 is expressed in NIH/3T3 cells within 4-8 hours of EWS/FLI1 induction, suggesting a potential role for EAT-2 in the oncogenesis of Ewing's sarcoma. EAT-2 binds members of the signaling lymphocytic-activation molecule (SLAM) family of immune receptors, which are present in varying levels in immune cells. Specifically, EAT-2 plays a role in controlling the signal transduction of antigen-presenting cells by binding to SLAM family members CD150, CD244, CD84 and CD229, which contain conserved tyrosine motifs in their cytoplasmic tails.

REFERENCES

- Thompson, A.D., Braun, B.S., Arvand, A., Stewart, S.D., May, W.A., Chen, E., Korenberg, J. and Denny, C. 1996. EAT-2 is a novel SH2 domain containing protein that is up regulated by Ewing's sarcoma EWS/FLI1 fusion gene. Oncogene 13: 2649-2658.
- 2. West, D.C. 2000. Ewing sarcoma family of tumors. Curr. Opin. Oncol. 12: 323-329.
- Morra, M., Lu, J., Poy, F., Martin, M., Sayos, J., Calpe, S., Gullo, C., Howie, D., Rietdijk, S., Thompson, A., Coyle, A.J., Denny, C., Yaffe, M.B., Engel, P., Eck, M.J. and Terhorst, C. 2001. Structural basis for the interaction of the free SH2 domain EAT-2 with SLAM receptors in hematopoietic cells. EMBO J. 20: 5840-5852.
- 4. Veillette, A. 2002. The SAP family: a new class of adaptor-like molecules that regulates immune cell functions. Sci. STKE 120: 8.
- Fraser, C.C., Howie, D., Morra, M., Qiu, Y., Murphy, C., Shen, Q., Gutierrez-Ramos, J.C., Coyle, A., Kingsbury, G.A. and Terhorst, C. 2002. Identification and characterization of SF2000 and SF2001, two new members of the immune receptor SLAM/CD2 family. Immunogenetics 53: 843-850.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Sh2d1b (mouse) mapping to 1 H3.

PRODUCT

EAT-2 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see EAT-2 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-42971-SH and EAT-2 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-42971-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of EAT-2 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-42971A, sc-42971B and sc-42971C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

EAT-2 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of EAT-2 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor EAT-2 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: EAT-2 (m)-PR: sc-42971-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.