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α-actinin-2 siRNA (h): sc-43097



The Power to Evolve™

BACKGROUND

The spectrin gene family encodes a diverse group of cytoskeletal proteins that include spectrins, dystrophins and α-actinins. There are four tissue-specific α-actinins, namely α-actinin-1, α-actinin-2, α-actinin-3 and α-actinin-4, which are localized to muscle and non-muscle cells, including skeletal, cardiac and smooth muscle cells, as well as within the cytoskeleton. Each α-actinin protein contains one Actin-binding domain, two calponin-homology domains, two EF-hand domains and four spectrin repeats, through which they function as bundling proteins that can cross-link F-Actin, thus anchoring Actin to a variety of intracellular structures. Defects in the gene encoding α-actinin-4 are the cause of focal segmental glomerulosclerosis 1 (FSGS1), a common renal lesion characterized by decreasing kidney function and, ultimately, renal failure.

REFERENCES

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2. Nishiyama, M., Ozturk, M., Frohlich, M., Mafune, K., Steele, G. and Wands, J.R. 1990. Expression of human α-actinin in human hepatocellular carcinoma. Cancer Res. 50: 6291-6294.
3. Yürük, B. and Niggli, V. 1992. α-actinin and vinculin in human neutrophils: reorganization during adhesion and relation to the Actin network. J. Cell Sci. 101: 403-414.
4. Knudsen, K.A., Soler, A.P., Johnson, K.R. and Wheelock, M.J. 1995. Interaction of α-actinin with the cadherin/catenin cell-cell adhesion complex via α-catenin. J. Cell Biol. 130: 67-77.
5. Reinhard, M., Zumbrunn, J., Jaquemar, D., Kuhn, M., Walter, U. and Trueb, B. 1999. An α-actinin binding site of Zyxin is essential for subcellular Zyxin localization and α-actinin recruitment. J. Biol. Chem. 274: 13410-13418.
6. Harper, B.D., Beckerle, M.C. and Pomiès, P. 2000. Fine mapping of the α-actinin binding site within cysteine-rich protein. Biochem. J. 350: 269-274.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: ACTN2 (human) mapping to 1q43.

PRODUCT

α-actinin-2 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μM solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see α-actinin-2 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-43097-SH and α-actinin-2 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-43097-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of α-actinin-2 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-43097A, sc-43097B and sc-43097C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNases and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μl of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μl of RNase-free water makes a 10 μM solution in a 10 μM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

α-actinin-2 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of α-actinin-2 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μM in 66 μl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

α-actinin-2 (H-2): sc-17829 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of α-actinin-2 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended:
 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG_x BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG_x BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG_x BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG_x BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor α-actinin-2 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: α-actinin-2 (h)-PR: sc-43097-PR (20 μl). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.