



# SZABO SCANDIC

Part of Europa Biosite

## Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten!  
See the following pages for more information!



### Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere [Liefer- und Versandbedingungen](#)

### Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

### SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

Quellenstraße 110, A-1100 Wien

T. +43(0)1 489 3961-0

F. +43(0)1 489 3961-7

[mail@szabo-scandic.com](mailto:mail@szabo-scandic.com)

[www.szabo-scandic.com](http://www.szabo-scandic.com)

[linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic](https://www.linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic) 

# V-ATPase B2 siRNA (m): sc-43518

## BACKGROUND

Vacuolar-type H<sup>+</sup>-ATPase (V-ATPase) is a multisubunit enzyme responsible for acidification of eukaryotic intracellular organelles. V-ATPases pump protons against an electrochemical gradient, while F-ATPases reverse the process, thereby synthesizing ATP. A peripheral V<sub>1</sub> domain, which is responsible for ATP hydrolysis, and a integral V<sub>0</sub> domain, which is responsible for proton translocation, compose V-ATPase. Nine subunits (A-H) make up the V<sub>1</sub> domain and five subunits (a, d, c, c' and c'') make up the V<sub>0</sub> domain. Like F-ATPase, V-ATPase most likely operates through a rotary mechanism. The V-ATPase V<sub>1</sub> B subunit exists as two isoforms. In the inner ear, the V-ATPase B1 isoform functions in proton secretion and is required to maintain proper endolymph pH and normal auditory function. The gene encoding the human V-ATPase B1 isoform maps to chromosome 2cen-q13. Mutations in this gene cause distal renal tubular acidosis associated with sensorineural deafness. The V-ATPase B2 isoform is expressed in kidney and is the only B isoform expressed in osteoclasts. The gene encoding the human V-ATPase B2 isoform maps to chromosome 8p21.3.

## REFERENCES

- Bernasconi, P., et al. 1990. An mRNA from human brain encodes an isoform of the B subunit of the vacuolar H<sup>+</sup>-ATPase. *J. Biol. Chem.* 265: 17428-17431.
- Ozcelik, T., et al. 1991. Chromosomal assignments of genes for vacuolar (endomembrane) proton pump subunits VPP1/Vpp-1 (116 kDa) and VPP3/Vpp-3 (58 kDa) in human and mouse. *Cytogenet. Cell Genet.* 58: 2008-2009.
- Nelson, R.D., et al. 1992. Selectively amplified expression of an isoform of the vacuolar H<sup>+</sup>-ATPase 56-kilodalton subunit in renal intercalated cells. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 89: 3541-3545.
- Lee, B.S., et al. 1996. Osteoclasts express the B2 isoform of vacuolar H<sup>+</sup>-ATPase intracellularly and on their plasma membranes. *Am. J. Physiol.* 270: 382-388.
- Karet, F.E., et al. 1999. Mutations in the gene encoding B1 subunit of H<sup>+</sup>-ATPase cause renal tubular acidosis with sensorineural deafness. *Nat. Genet.* 21: 84-90.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Atp6v1b2 (mouse) mapping to 8 B3.3.

## PRODUCT

V-ATPase B2 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μM solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see V-ATPase B2 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-43518-SH and V-ATPase B2 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-43518-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of V-ATPase B2 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-43518A, sc-43518B and sc-43518C.

## STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μl of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μl of RNase-free water makes a 10 μM solution in a 10 μM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

## APPLICATIONS

V-ATPase B2 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of V-ATPase B2 expression in mouse cells.

## SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μM in 66 μl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

## GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

V-ATPase B2 (D-11): sc-166045 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of V-ATPase B2 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgGκ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgGκ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

## RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor V-ATPase B2 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: V-ATPase B2 (m)-PR: sc-43518-PR (20 μl). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.