

Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



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Msx-1 siRNA (h): sc-43945



The Boures to Overtion

BACKGROUND

Msx homeobox genes encode for transcription factors that control morphogenesis and are expressed at sites of epithelial-mesenchymal interaction during embryogenesis, such as the tooth. Two of these genes, Msx-1 and Msx-2, are key factors for the development of tooth and craniofacial skeleton. Msx-1 also downregulates a master gene of skeletal cells differentiation. Msx-1 and Msx-2 contribute to the initial patterning of dentition as well as playing a pivotal role in terminal cell differentiation. In addition, Msx-1 and Msx-2 are expressed in the epidermis, hair follicles and fibroblasts of the developing fetal skin. In adult skin, Msx-1 and Msx-2 expression is confined to epithelially derived structures. Msx-2 is detected as a diffuse cytoplasmic signal in fetal epidermis and portions of the hair follicle and dermis, but is localized to the nucleus in the adult epidermis. Msx-1 and Msx-2 are also expressed during critical developmental stages of neural tube and neural crest, suggesting that these genes play an important role in organogenesis.

REFERENCES

- Lezot, F., et al. 2000. Biomineralization, life-time of odontogenic cells and differential expression of the two homeobox genes Msx1 and Dxl2 in transgenic mice. J. Bone Miner. Res. 15: 430-441.
- Maas, R. and Bei, M. 1997. The genetic control of early tooth development. Crit. Rev. Oral Biol. 8: 4-39.
- Blin-Wakkach, C., et al. 2001. Endogenous Msx-1 antisense transcript: In vivo and in vitro evidences, structure, and potential involvement in skeleton development in mammals. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 98: 7336-7341.
- Stelnicki, E.J., et al. 1997. The human homeobox genes MSX1, MSX2, and MOX1 are differentially expressed in the dermis and epidermis in fetal and adult skin. Differentiation 62: 33-41.
- Foerst-Potts, L. and Sadler, T.W. 1997. Disruption of Msx-1 and Msx-2 reveals roles for these genes in craniofacial, eye, and axial development. Dev. Dyn. 209: 70-84.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: MSX1 (human) mapping to 4p16.2.

PRODUCT

Msx-1 siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see Msx-1 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-43945-SH and Msx-1 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-43945-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of Msx-1 (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-43945A, sc-43945B and sc-43945C.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

Msx-1 siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of Msx-1 expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

Msx-1 (5D11): sc-517256 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of Msx-1 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor Msx-1 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: Msx-1 (h)-PR: sc-43945-PR (20 μ l, 527 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

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