



SZABO SCANDIC

Part of Europa Biosite

Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten!
See the following pages for more information!



Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere [Liefer- und Versandbedingungen](#)

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

Quellenstraße 110, A-1100 Wien

T. +43(0)1 489 3961-0

F. +43(0)1 489 3961-7

mail@szabo-scandic.com

www.szabo-scandic.com

[linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic](https://www.linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic) 

PTP ϵ siRNA (h): sc-44054

BACKGROUND

Protein-tyrosine phosphatases, or PTPs, are type I transmembrane proteins, membrane associated proteins or proteins localized in nuclei. Examples of transmembrane PTPs are LAR, PTP α , PTP β , PTP γ , PTP δ , PTP ϵ , PTP ζ , PTP κ and PTP μ . Transmembrane PTPs play diverse roles during development and in adult tissues. Immunodepletion studies have suggested LAR to be a regulator of Insulin receptor phosphorylation. PTP α activity is increased twofold in response to phorbol ester stimulation, resulting in serine phosphorylation either directly or indirectly by members of the PKC family. Overexpression of v-H-Ras and Neu, but not Myc or Int2, in mammary tumors has been shown to induce PTP ϵ expression. An alternative splicing event leads to a nervous tissue-specific chondroitin sulfate proteoglycan called phosphacan, which represents the amino-terminal portion of PTP ζ . PTP κ and PTP μ share a conserved amino terminal 160 amino acid MAM domain which facilitates homophilic binding. PTP μ localizes to points of cell contact and may be involved in regulating the assembly and disassembly of cadherin/catenin complexes *in vivo*.

REFERENCES

- Ahmad, F., et al. 1995. Increased abundance of the receptor-type protein-tyrosine phosphatase LAR accounts for the elevated Insulin receptor dephosphorylating activity in adipose tissue of obese human subjects. *J. Clin. Invest.* 95: 2806-2812.
- den Hertog, J., et al. 1995. Stimulation of receptor protein-tyrosine phosphatase α activity and phosphorylation by phorbol ester. *Cell Growth Differ.* 6: 303-307.
- Brady-Kalnay, S.M., et al. 1995. Receptor protein tyrosine phosphatase PTP μ associates with cadherins and catenins *in vivo*. *J. Cell Biol.* 130: 977-986.
- Zondag, G.C., et al. 1995. Homophilic interactions mediated by receptor tyrosine phosphatases μ and κ . A critical role for the novel extracellular MAM domain. *J. Biol. Chem.* 270: 14247-14250.
- Milev, P., et al. 1995. Complex-type asparagine-linked oligosaccharides on phosphacan and protein-tyrosine phosphatase- ζ/β mediate their binding to neural cell adhesion molecules and tenascin. *J. Biol. Chem.* 270: 24650-24653.
- Elson, A., et al. 1995. Protein-tyrosine phosphatase epsilon. An isoform specifically expressed in mouse mammary tumors initiated by v-Ha-Ras or Neu. *J. Biol. Chem.* 270: 26116-26122.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: PTPRE (human) mapping to 10q26.2.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

PRODUCT

PTP ϵ siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see PTP ϵ shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-44054-SH and PTP ϵ shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-44054-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of PTP ϵ (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-44054A, sc-44054B and sc-44054C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

PTP ϵ siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of PTP ϵ expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

PTP ϵ (G-2): sc-515692 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of PTP ϵ gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor PTP ϵ gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: PTP ϵ (h)-PR: sc-44054-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.