



SZABO SCANDIC

Part of Europa Biosite

Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten!
See the following pages for more information!



Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere [Liefer- und Versandbedingungen](#)

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

Quellenstraße 110, A-1100 Wien

T. +43(0)1 489 3961-0

F. +43(0)1 489 3961-7

mail@szabo-scandic.com

www.szabo-scandic.com

[linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic](https://www.linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic) 

β-catenin siRNA (h2): sc-44252

BACKGROUND

The catenins, α , β and γ , are proteins which bind to the highly conserved, intracellular cytoplasmic tail of E-cadherin. Together, the catenin/cadherin complexes play an important role mediating cellular adhesion. α -catenin was initially described as an E-cadherin associated protein, and since has been shown to associate with other members of the cadherin family, such as N-cadherin and P-cadherin. β -catenin associates with the cytoplasmic portion of E-cadherin, which is necessary for the function of E-cadherin as an adhesion molecule. β -catenin has also been found in complexes with the tumor suppressor protein APC. γ -catenin, also known as plakoglobin, binds with α -catenin and N-cadherin. It has been shown that the transmembrane phosphatase PTP μ associates with catenin/cadherin complexes and may regulate complex signaling.

REFERENCES

- Knudsen, K.A., et al. 1995. Interaction of α -actinin with the cadherin/catenin cell-cell adhesion complex via α -catenin. *J. Cell Biol.* 130: 67-77.
- Brady-Kalnay, S.M., et al. 1995. Receptor protein tyrosine phosphatase PTP μ associates with cadherins and catenins *in vivo*. *J. Cell Biol.* 130: 977-986.
- Breen, E., et al. 1995. Role of the E-cadherin/ α -catenin complex in modulating cell-cell and cell-matrix adhesive properties of invasive colon carcinoma cells. *Ann. Surg. Oncol.* 2: 378-385.
- Pierceall, W.E., et al. 1995. Frequent alterations in E-cadherin and α - and β -catenin expression in human breast cancer cell lines. *Oncogene* 11: 1319-1326.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: CTNNB1 (human) mapping to 3p22.1.

PRODUCT

β -catenin siRNA (h2) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see β -catenin shRNA Plasmid (h2): sc-44252-SH and β -catenin shRNA (h2) Lentiviral Particles: sc-44252-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of β -catenin (h2) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-44252A, sc-44252B and sc-44252C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

β -catenin siRNA (h2) is recommended for the inhibition of β -catenin expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

β -catenin (E-5): sc-7963 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of β -catenin gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor β -catenin gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: β -catenin (h2)-PR: sc-44252-PR (20 μ l, 419 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Hsu, R.J., et al. 2012. WNT10A plays an oncogenic role in renal cell carcinoma by activating Wnt/ β -catenin pathway. *PLoS ONE* 7: e47649.
- Jiang, G., et al. 2013. Targeting β -catenin signaling to induce apoptosis in human breast cancer cells by z-guggulsterone and guggulipid extract of Ayurvedic medicine plant *Commiphora mukul*. *BMC Complement. Altern. Med.* 13: 203.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.