

Produktinformation



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SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

SOD-3 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-44700-V



BACKGROUND

The superoxide dismutase family is composed of three metalloenzymes (SOD-1, SOD-2 and SOD-3) that catalyze the oxido-reduction of reactive oxygen species (ROS) such as superoxide anion. ROS are implicated in a wide range of degenerative processes, including Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease and ischemic heart disease. Cu/Zn superoxide dismutase-1 (SOD-1) is a well characterized cytosolic scavenger of oxygen free radicals that requires copper and zinc binding to potentiate its enzymatic activity. The SOD-2 precursor is a 222 amino acid protein that is encoded by nuclear chromatin, synthesized in the cytosol and imported posttranslationally into the mitochondrial matrix. SOD-3, also designated extracellular superoxide dismutase (EC-SOD), is an extracellular zinc and copper binding protein that destroys radicals that are toxic to biological systems but that are normally produced within cells. SOD-3 is found in extracellular fluids such as lymph, plasma and synovial fluid.

REFERENCES

- 1. Levanon, D., et al. 1985. Architecture and anatomy of the chromosomal locus in human chromosome 21 encoding the Cu/Zn superoxide dismutase. EMBO J. 4: 77-84.
- 2. Bewley, G.C. 1988. cDNA and deduced amino acid sequence of murine Cu/Zn superoxide dismutase. Nucleic Acids Res. 16: 2728.
- 3. Beckman, J.S., et al. 1993. ALS, SOD and peroxynitrite. Nature 364: 584.
- 4. Sandstrom, J., et al. 1994. 10-fold increase in human plasma extracellular superoxide dismutase content caused by a mutation in heparin-binding domain. J. Biol. Chem. 269: 19163-19166.
- 5. Li, Y., et al. 1995. Dilated cardiomyopathy and neonatal lethality in mutant mice lacking manganese superoxide dismutase. Nat. Genet. 11: 376-381.
- 6. Adachi, T., et al. 1996. An Arginine 213 to glycine mutation in human extracellular-superoxide dismutase reduces susceptibility to Trypsin-like proteinases. J. Biochem. 120: 184-188.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Sod3 (mouse) mapping to 5 C1.

PRODUCT

SOD-3 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles is a pool of concentrated, transduction-ready viral particles containing 3 target-specific constructs that encode 19-25 nt (plus hairpin) shRNA designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 200 µl frozen stock containing 1.0 x 10⁶ infectious units of virus (IFU) in Dulbecco's Modified Eagle's Medium with 25 mM HEPES pH 7.3. Suitable for 10-20 transductions. Also see SOD-3 siRNA (m): sc-44700 and SOD-3 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-44700-SH as alternate gene silencing products.

STORAGE

Store lentiviral particles at -80° C. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once thawed, particles can be stored at 4° C for up to one week. Avoid repeated freeze thaw cycles.

APPLICATIONS

SOD-3 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles is recommended for the inhibition of SOD-3 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

Control shRNA Lentiviral Particles: sc-108080. Available as 200 µl frozen viral stock containing 1.0 x 10⁶ infectious units of virus (IFU); contains an shRNA construct encoding a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

SOD-3 (A-11): sc-271170 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of SOD-3 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-mouse IgG-HRP: sc-2005 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:32,000) or Cruz Marker[™] compatible goat antimouse IgG-HRP: sc-2031 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use goat anti-mouse IgG-FITC: sc-2010 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-mouse IgG-TR: sc-2781 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz[™] Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor SOD-3 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: SOD-3 (m)-PR: sc-44700-PR (20 µl). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

BIOSAFETY

Lentiviral particles can be employed in standard Biosafety Level 2 tissue culture facilities (and should be treated with the same level of caution as with any other potentially infectious reagent). Lentiviral particles are replication-incompetent and are designed to self-inactivate after transduction and integration of shRNA constructs into genomic DNA of target cells.

RESEARCH USE

The purchase of this product conveys to the buyer the nontransferable right to use the purchased amount of the product and all replicates and derivatives for research purposes conducted by the buyer in his laboratory only (whether the buyer is an academic or for-profit entity). The buyer cannot sell or otherwise transfer (a) this product (b) its components or (c) materials made using this product or its components to a third party, or otherwise use this product or its components or materials made using this product or its components for Commercial Purposes.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.