



SZABO SCANDIC

Part of Europa Biosite

Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten!
See the following pages for more information!



Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere [Liefer- und Versandbedingungen](#)

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

Quellenstraße 110, A-1100 Wien

T. +43(0)1 489 3961-0

F. +43(0)1 489 3961-7

mail@szabo-scandic.com

www.szabo-scandic.com

[linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic](https://www.linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic) 

BTG2 siRNA (m): sc-44818

BACKGROUND

B cell translocation gene proteins, also designated BTG1-4, are members of a novel anti-proliferative gene family and play a role in transcription regulation. BTG genes are considered immediate early genes whose expression is induced in response to mitogenic as well as differentiative and antiproliferative factors. Expression of BTG1 is maximal in the G₀/G₁ phases of the cell cycle and is downregulated when cells progress through G₁. BTG2 is a p53 inducible, anti-proliferative protein that regulates the G₁/S transition of the cell cycle. BTG2 expression increases in response to DNA damage, cell differentiation, cell quiescence, cell contact and as part of a positive feedback mechanism in response to growth stimulation. High levels of BTG2 are present in kidney proximal tubules, lung alveolar bronchial epithelium and the basal cell layer of prostate acini. BTG1 and BTG2 both contain LXXLL motifs, referred to as nuclear receptor boxes, which are involved in the regulation of ER-mediated activation. Human BTG3 protein is abundantly expressed in testis, prostate, ovary, thymus and lung.

REFERENCES

1. Rouault, J.P., et al. 1992. BTG1, a member of a new family of antiproliferative genes. *EMBO J.* 11: 1663-1670.
2. Rouault, J.P., et al. 1996. Identification of BTG2, an antiproliferative p53-dependent component of the DNA damage cellular response pathway. *Nat. Genet.* 14: 482-486.
3. Tirone, F. 2001. The gene PC3(TIS21/BTG2), prototype member of the PC3/BTG/TOB family: regulator in control of cell growth, differentiation, and DNA repair? *J. Cell. Physiol.* 2: 155-165.
4. Prevot, D., et al. 2001. Relationships of the antiproliferative proteins BTG1 and BTG2 with CAF1, the human homolog of a component of the yeast CCR4 transcriptional complex: involvement in estrogen receptor alpha signaling pathway. *J. Biol. Chem.* 276: 9640-9648.
5. Melamed, J., et al. 2002. Expression of B cell translocation gene 2 protein in normal human tissues. *Tissue Cell* 1: 28-32.
6. Duriez, C., et al. 2002. The human BTG2/TIS21/PC3 gene: genomic structure, transcriptional regulation and evaluation as a candidate tumor suppressor gene. *Gene* 1-2: 207-214.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Btg2 (mouse) mapping to 1 E4.

PRODUCT

BTG2 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see BTG2 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-44818-SH and BTG2 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-44818-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of BTG2 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-44818A, sc-44818B and sc-44818C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

BTG2 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of BTG2 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor BTG2 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: BTG2 (m)-PR: sc-44818-PR (20 μ l, 521 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.