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β-glucosidase siRNA (h): sc-44904

BACKGROUND

β-glucosidase is a predominantly liver enzyme which efficiently hydrolyzes β-D-glucoside and β-D-galactoside. Defects in β-glucosidase cause Gaucher disease, an inherited condition distinguished by the accumulation of glucosylceramide within the cells of the reticuloendothelial system. β-glucosidase is used in enzyme replacement treatment aimed at treating Gaucher disease. The absorption of dietary flavonoid glycosides in humans involves a critical deglycosylation step that is mediated by epithelial β-glucosidases.

REFERENCES

- Overkleeft, H.S., et al. 1998. Generation of specific deoxynojirimycin-type inhibitors of the non-lysosomal glucosylceramidase. *J. Biol. Chem.* 273: 26522-26527.
- de Graaf, M., et al. 2001. Cloning and characterization of human liver cytosolic β-glycosidase. *Biochem. J.* 356: 907-910.
- Zhao, L., et al. 2003. β-glucosylation as a part of self-resistance mechanism in methymycin/pikromycin producing strain *Streptomyces venezuelae*. *Biochemistry* 42: 14794-14804.
- Nemeth, K., et al. 2003. Deglycosylation by small intestinal epithelial cell β-glucosidases is a critical step in the absorption and metabolism of dietary flavonoid glycosides in humans. *Eur. J. Nutr.* 42: 29-42.
- Salvioli, R., et al. 2004. Glucosylceramidase mass and subcellular localization are modulated by cholesterol in Niemann-Pick disease type C. *J. Biol. Chem.* 279: 17674-17680.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: GBA (human) mapping to 1q22.

PRODUCT

β-glucosidase siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μM solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see β-glucosidase shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-44904-SH and β-glucosidase shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-44904-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of β-glucosidase (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-44904A, sc-44904B and sc-44904C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μl of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μl of RNase-free water makes a 10 μM solution in a 10 μM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

β-glucosidase siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of β-glucosidase expression in human cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μM in 66 μl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

β-glucosidase (B-6): sc-166407 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of β-glucosidase gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgGκ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgGκ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor β-glucosidase gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: β-glucosidase (h)-PR: sc-44904-PR (20 μl, 570 bp). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Squillaro, T., et al. 2017. Impact of lysosomal storage disorders on biology of mesenchymal stem cells: evidences from *in vitro* silencing of glucocerebrosidase (GBA) and α-galactosidase A (GLA) enzymes. *J. Cell. Physiol.* 232: 3454-3467.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.