



# SZABO SCANDIC

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## Produktinformation



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Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



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### Lieferung & Zahlungsart

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### Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

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## Factor B siRNA (m): sc-44916

### BACKGROUND

The complement component proteins, C3, C4 and C5, are potent anaphylatoxins that are released during complement activation. Binding of these proteins to their respective G protein-coupled receptors, C3 $\alpha$ R, C1R and C5 $\alpha$ R, induces proinflammatory events, such as cellular degranulation, smooth muscle contraction, arachidonic acid metabolism, cytokine release, leukocyte activation and cellular chemotaxis. Complement Factor B, also designated Properdin Factor B or PBF2, is part of the alternate pathway of the complement system and is cleaved by Factor D into two fragments: B $\alpha$  and B $\beta$ . B $\beta$  combines with complement Factor 3 $\beta$  to produce the C3 or C5 convertase and plays a role in the differentiation and proliferation of preactivated B lymphocytes, lysis of erythrocytes, stimulation of lymphocyte blastogenesis and rapid spreading of peripheral blood monocytes. B $\alpha$  is important in inhibiting the proliferation of preactivated B lymphocytes. Adipsin, also designated complement Factor D, is a serine protease that cleaves complement Factor B and may be involved in obesity. Factor H controls the function of the alternative complement pathway. FHR-1 (complement Factor H related protein 1) may play a role in lipid metabolism.

### REFERENCES

1. Woods, D.E., et al. 1982. Isolation of cDNA clones for the human complement protein Factor B, a class III major histocompatibility complex gene product. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 79: 5661-5665.
2. Campbell, R.D., et al. 1983. Molecular cloning and characterization of the gene coding for human complement protein Factor B. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 80: 4464-4468.
3. Mole, J.E., et al. 1984. Complete primary structure for the zymogen of human complement Factor B. *J. Biol. Chem.* 259: 3407-3412.
4. Wu, L.C., et al. 1987. Cell-specific expression of the human complement protein Factor B gene: evidence for the role of two distinct 5'-flanking elements. *Cell* 48: 331-342.
5. Kolb, W.P., et al. 1989. B $\alpha$  and B $\beta$  fragments of factor B activation: fragment production, biological activities, neopeptide expression and quantitation in clinical samples. *Complement Inflamm.* 6: 175-204.
6. Niemann, M.A., et al. 1991. The principal site of glycation of human complement Factor B. *Biochem. J.* 274: 473-480.

### CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Cfb (mouse) mapping to 17 B1.

### PRODUCT

Factor B siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see Factor B shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-44916-SH and Factor B shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-44916-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of Factor B (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-44916A, sc-44916B and sc-44916C.

### STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNase-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

### APPLICATIONS

Factor B siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of Factor B expression in mouse cells.

### SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10  $\mu$ M in 66  $\mu$ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

### RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor Factor B gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: Factor B (m)-PR: sc-44916-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

### RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

### PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.