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## Produktinformation



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- Trockeneiszuschlag
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- Expressversand

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# CD-MPR siRNA (h): sc-45450

## BACKGROUND

CD-MPR (cation-dependent mannose-6-phosphate receptor) is an oligomeric transmembrane protein that plays a critical role in the intracellular delivery of phosphorylated lysosomal enzymes from the *trans*-Golgi network (TGN). Intracellular trafficking of CD-MPR is mediated by sorting signals in its 67 amino acid cytoplasmic tail, which prevent it from entering the lysosome, where it would be degraded. CD-MPR is predominantly expressed in mouse testicular germ cells and shows differentiated expression during maturation of rat spermatozoa. Increased expression of CD-MPR in Alzheimer's disease and the location of the CD-MPR gene next to a region on chromosome 12 which is possibly linked to the disease indicate that CD-MPR may play a role in Alzheimer's disease.

## REFERENCES

1. Sleat, D.E., et al. 1997. Ligand binding specificities of the two mannose 6-phosphate receptors. *J. Biol. Chem.* 272: 731-738.
2. Schweizer, A., et al. 1997. Proper sorting of the cation-dependent mannose 6-phosphate receptor in endosomes depends on a pair of aromatic amino acids in its cytoplasmic tail. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 94: 14471-14476.
3. Olson, L.J., et al. 1999. Mutational analysis of the binding site residues of the bovine cation-dependent mannose 6-phosphate receptor. *J. Biol. Chem.* 274: 36905-36911.
4. Chayko, C.A., et al. 2000. Targeted disruption of the cation-dependent or cation-independent mannose 6-phosphate receptor does not decrease the content of acid glycosidases in the acrosome. *J. Androl.* 21: 944-953.
5. Belmonte, S.A., et al. 2000. Changes in distribution of phosphomannosyl receptors during maturation of rat spermatozoa. *Biol. Reprod.* 63: 1172-1178.
6. Stöckli, J., et al. 2004. The acidic cluster of the CK2 site of the cation-dependent mannose 6-phosphate receptor (CD-MPR) but not its phosphorylation is required for GGA1 and AP-1 binding. *J. Biol. Chem.* 279: 23542-23549.
7. Reddy, S.T., et al. 2004. Identification of a low affinity mannose 6-phosphate-binding site in domain 5 of the cation-independent mannose 6-phosphate receptor. *J. Biol. Chem.* 279: 38658-38667.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: M6PR (human) mapping to 12p13.31.

## PRODUCT

CD-MPR siRNA (h) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see CD-MPR shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-45450-SH and CD-MPR shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-45450-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of CD-MPR (h) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-45450A, sc-45450B and sc-45450C.

## STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNase-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

## APPLICATIONS

CD-MPR siRNA (h) is recommended for the inhibition of CD-MPR expression in human cells.

## SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10  $\mu$ M in 66  $\mu$ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

## GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

CD-MPR (H-7): sc-365196 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of CD-MPR gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>™</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

## RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor CD-MPR gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: CD-MPR (h)-PR: sc-45450-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.