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LITAF siRNA (m): sc-45685

BACKGROUND

Lipopolysaccharide (LPS) is a potent stimulator of monocytes and macrophages, causing secretion of tumor necrosis factor alpha (TNF α) and other inflammatory mediators. The inflammatory response to bacteria and bacterial products, such as LPS, is mediated by a variety of secreted factors, but cytotoxic effects of LPS have been ascribed to the TNF α activity. LITAF (LPS-induced TNF α factor), Stat6B, and the LITAF-Stat6B complex all play a role in the regulation of inflammatory cytokines in response to LPS or p53 stimulation in mammalian cells. LITAF is a nuclear protein crucial in TNF α gene transcription regulation. High levels of expression of LITAF mRNA have been observed predominantly in the placenta, peripheral blood leukocytes, lymph nodes and the spleen.

REFERENCES

1. Myokai, F., Takashiba, S., Lebo, R. and Amar, S.I. 1999. A novel lipopolysaccharide-induced transcription factor regulating tumor necrosis factor- α gene expression: molecular cloning, sequencing, characterization and chromosomal assignment. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 96: 4518-4523.
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3. Matsumura, Y., Nishigori, C., Horio, T. and Miyachi, Y. 2004. PIG7/LITAF gene mutation and overexpression of its gene product in extramammary Paget's disease. *Int. J. Cancer* 111: 218-223.
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5. Tang, X., Marciano, D.L., Leeman, S.E. and Amar, S.I. 2005. LPS induces the interaction of a transcription factor, LPS-induced TNF α factor, and Stat6B with effects on multiple cytokines. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 102: 5132-5137.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Litaf (mouse) mapping to 16 A1.

PRODUCT

LITAF siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see LITAF shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-45685-SH and LITAF shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-45685-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of LITAF (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-45685A, sc-45685B and sc-45685C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20 $^{\circ}$ C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20 $^{\circ}$ C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

LITAF siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of LITAF expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

Latrophilin-1 (A-4): sc-514562 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of Latrophilin-1 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz MarkerTM Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz[®] Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz[®] Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz[®] Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor LITAF gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: LITAF (m)-PR: sc-45685-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60 $^{\circ}$ C and the extension temperature should be 68-72 $^{\circ}$ C.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.