

# Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

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# Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere Liefer- und Versandbedingungen

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# pan Lysozyme C siRNA (m): sc-45936



The Power to Question

## **BACKGROUND**

The origins of the lysozyme proteins date back an estimated 400 to 600 million years. Generally, lysozyme genes are relatively small, roughly ten kilobases in length, and composed of four exons and three introns. Originally a bacteriolytic defensive agent, the function of this family of proteins adapted to serve a digestive function in its present forms. Lysozymes in tissues and body fluids are associated with the monocyte-macrophage system and enhance the activity of immunoagents. Lysozyme C belongs to the glycosyl hydrolase 22 family, and newly identified relatives of Lysozyme C appear to possess anti-HIV activity, as well as preserved bacteriolytic function against Micrococcus lysodeikticus. Lysozyme C is capable of both hydrolysis and transglycosylation and also a slight esterase activity. It acts rapidly on both peptide-substituted and unsubstituted peptidoglycan, and slowly on chitin oligosaccharides. Lysozyme C defects are a cause of amyloidosis VIII, also called familial visceral or Ostertag-type amyloidosis.

## **REFERENCES**

- 1. Canfield, R.E., et al. 1971. Primary structure of lysozymes from man and goose. Nature New Biol. 232: 16-17.
- Peters, C.W., et al. 1989. The human lysozyme gene. Sequence organization and chromosomal localization. Eur. J. Biochem. 182: 507-516.
- 3. Irwin, D.M., et al. 1996. Isolation and characterization of vertebrate lysozyme genes. EXS 75: 225-241.
- 4. Qasba, P.K., et al. 1997. Molecular divergence of lysozymes and  $\alpha$ -lactalbumin. Crit. Rev. Biochem. Mol. Biol. 32: 255-306.
- 5. Lee-Huang, S., et al. 1999. Lysozyme and RNases as anti-HIV components in  $\beta$ -core preparations of human chorionic gonadotropin. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 196: 2678-2681.
- 6. Fujiki, K., et al. 2000. Molecular cloning of carp *(Cyprinus carpio)* leucocyte cell-derived chemotaxin 2, glia maturation factor-β, CD45 and Lysozyme C by use of suppression subtractive hybridisation. Fish Shellfish Immunol. 10: 643-650.
- 7. Liu, F., et al. 2002. Cloning and expression pattern of the lysozyme C gene in zebrafish. Mech. Dev. 113: 69-72.

# **PRODUCT**

pan Lysozyme C siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu M$  solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see pan Lysozyme C shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-45936-SH and pan Lysozyme C shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-45936-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of pan Lysozyme C (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-45936A, sc-45936B and sc-45936C.

# **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

## **APPLICATIONS**

pan Lysozyme C siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of pan Lysozyme C expression in mouse cells.

#### **SUPPORT REAGENTS**

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

## **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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