

## Produktinformation



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Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



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# Ribosomal Protein S3 siRNA (m): sc-152950



The Power to Question

#### **BACKGROUND**

Ribosomal subunits are synthesized in the nucleus, and mature 40S and 60S subunits are exported stoichiometrically into the cytoplasm. Both 40S and 60S subunits are composed of four RNA species and approximately 80 structurally distinct proteins. Mitochondrial ribosomes consist of a small 28S subunit and a large 39S subunit. Ribosomal proteins have the ability to pass through the nuclear envelope in the native state, making them the largest of the structures accommodated by the nuclear pore complexes. The nuclear export of ribosomal subunits is a unidirectional, saturable and energy-dependent process. Ribosomal Protein S3 a member of the 40S subunit and plays a role in translation and ribosome maturation. Specifically, Ribosomal Protein S3 mediates the formation of the mRNA binding site 3' of the codon in the decoding site. In addition, Ribosomal Protein S3 is involved in DNA damage recognition as shown by its affinity for abasic sites and 7,8-dihydro-8-oxoguanine residues and its interaction with human base excision repair (BER) proteins OGG1 and Ref-1.

#### **REFERENCES**

- Vladimirov, S.N., et al. 1996. Characterization of the human small-ribosomal-subunit proteins by N-terminal and internal sequencing, and mass spectrometry. Eur. J. Biochem. 239: 144-149.
- Kenmochi, N., et al. 1998. A map of 75 human ribosomal protein genes. Genome Res. 8: 509-523.
- 3. Hegde, V., et al. 2006. The high binding affinity of human Ribosomal Protein S3 to 7,8-dihydro-8-oxoguanine is abrogated by a single amino acid change. DNA Repair 5: 810-815.

#### **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: Rps3 (mouse) mapping to 7 E2.

#### **PRODUCT**

Ribosomal Protein S3 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu\text{M}$  solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see Ribosomal Protein S3 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-152950-SH and Ribosomal Protein S3 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-152950-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of Ribosomal Protein S3 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-152950A, sc-152950B and sc-152950C.

#### STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

Ribosomal Protein S3 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of Ribosomal Protein S3 expression in mouse cells.

#### **SUPPORT REAGENTS**

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

#### **GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING**

Ribosomal Protein S3 (C-7): sc-376008 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of Ribosomal Protein S3 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>TM</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

#### **RT-PCR REAGENTS**

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor Ribosomal Protein S3 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: Ribosomal Protein S3 (m)-PR: sc-152950-PR (20  $\mu$ I). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

#### **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

 Peng, H., et al. 2019. Knockdown of Ribosomal Protein S3 causes preimplantation developmental arrest in mice. Theriogenology 129: 77-81.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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