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Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



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SPTLC1 siRNA (m): sc-153804



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

SPTLC1 (serine palmitoyltransferase 1), also known as LCB1, and SPTLC2 (serine palmitoyltransferase 2), also known as LCB2, together catalyze sphingolipid biosynthesis by converting L-serine and palmitoyl-CoA to 3-oxosphinganine, utilizing pyridoxal 5'-phosphate as a cofactor. Increases in transepidermal water loss triggers upregulation of serine p almitoyltransferase mRNA expression in humans. Deficiencies in wild type SPTLC1 and SPTLC2 can lead to hereditary sensory neuropathy, atopic eczema, and psoriasis.

REFERENCES

- Weiss, B., et al. 1997. Human and murine serine-palmitoyl-CoA transferase—cloning, expression and characterization of the key enzyme in sphingolipid synthesis. Eur. J. Biochem. 249: 239-247.
- Uhlinger, D.J., et al. 2001. Increased expression of serine palmitoyltransferase (SPT) in balloon-injured rat carotid artery. Thromb. Haemost. 86: 1320-1326.
- Stachowitz, S., et al. 2002. Permeability barrier disruption increases the level of serine palmitoyltransferase in human epidermis. J. Invest. Dermatol. 119: 1048-1052.
- 4. Batheja, A.D., et al. 2003. Characterization of serine palmitoyltransferase in normal human tissues. J. Histochem. Cytochem. 51: 687-696.
- 5. Carton, J.M., et al. 2003. Enhanced serine palmitoyltransferase expression in proliferating fibroblasts, transformed cell lines, and human tumors. J. Histochem. Cytochem. 51: 715-726.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Sptlc1 (mouse) mapping to 13 B1.

PRODUCT

SPTLC1 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see SPTLC1 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-153804-SH and SPTLC1 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-153804-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of SPTLC1 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-153804A, sc-153804B and sc-153804C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

SPTLC1 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of SPTLC1 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

SPTLC1 (H-1): sc-374143 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of SPTLC1 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG κ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz MarkerTM Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz[®] Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz[®] Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz[®] Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor SPTLC1 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: SPTLC1 (m)-PR: sc-153804-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. Kakazu, E., et al. 2016. Hepatocytes release ceramide-enriched proinflammatory extracellular vesicles in an IRE1 α -dependent manner. J. Lipid Res. 57: 233-245.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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