



SZABO SCANDIC

Part of Europa Biosite

Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten!
See the following pages for more information!



Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere [Liefer- und Versandbedingungen](#)

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

Quellenstraße 110, A-1100 Wien

T. +43(0)1 489 3961-0

F. +43(0)1 489 3961-7

mail@szabo-scandic.com

www.szabo-scandic.com

[linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic](https://www.linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic) 

TMEM106C siRNA (m): sc-154345

BACKGROUND

TMEM106C is a 231 amino acid protein encoded by a gene mapping to human chromosome 12. Encoding over 1,100 genes within 132 million bases, chromosome 12 makes up about 4.5% of the human genome. A number of skeletal deformities are linked to chromosome 12, including hypochondrogenesis, achondrogenesis and Kniest dysplasia. Noonan syndrome, which includes heart and facial developmental defects among the primary symptoms, is caused by a mutant form of PTPN11 gene product, SH-PTP2. Chromosome 12 is also home to a homeobox gene cluster, which encodes crucial transcription factors for morphogenesis, and the natural killer complex gene cluster, encoding C-type lectin proteins which mediate the NK cell response to MHC I interaction. Trisomy 12p leads to facial development defects, seizure disorders and a host of other symptoms which vary in severity depending on the extent of mosaicism. It is most severe in cases of complete trisomy.

REFERENCES

- Allen, T.L., Brothman, A.R., Carey, J.C. and Chance, P.F. 1996. Cytogenetic and molecular analysis in trisomy 12p. *Am. J. Med. Genet.* 63: 250-256.
- Yang, W. and Cole, W.G. 1998. Low basal transcripts of the COL2A1 collagen gene from lymphoblasts show alternative splicing of exon 12 in the Kniest form of spondyloepiphyseal dysplasia. *Hum. Mutat. Suppl.* 1: S1-S2.
- Trowsdale, J., Barten, R., Haude, A., Stewart, C.A., Beck, S. and Wilson, M.J. 2001. The genomic context of natural killer receptor extended gene families. *Immunol. Rev.* 181: 20-38.
- Zumkeller, W., Volleth, M., Muschke, P., Tönnies, H., Heller, A., Liehr, T., Wieacker, P. and Stumm, M. 2004. Genotype/phenotype analysis in a patient with pure and complete trisomy 12p. *Am. J. Med. Genet. A* 129A: 261-264.
- Kelley, J., Walter, L. and Trowsdale, J. 2005. Comparative genomics of natural killer cell receptor gene clusters. *PLoS Genet.* 1: e27.
- Nishimura, G., Haga, N., Kitoh, H., Tanaka, Y., Sonoda, T., Kitamura, M., Shirahama, S., Itoh, T., Nakashima, E., Ohashi, H. and Ikegawa, S. 2005. The phenotypic spectrum of COL2A1 mutations. *Hum. Mutat.* 26: 36-43.
- Segel, R., Peter, I., Demmer, L.A., Cowan, J.M., Hoffman, J.D. and Bianchi, D.W. 2006. The natural history of trisomy 12p. *Am. J. Med. Genet. A* 140: 695-703.
- Stein, R. 2007. Genetics of Noonan syndrome—a new gene, and the search is still on. *Clin. Genet.* 72: 402-404.
- van der Burgt, I. 2007. Noonan syndrome. *Orphanet J. Rare Dis.* 2: 4.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Tmem106c (mouse) mapping to 15 F1.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

PRODUCT

TMEM106C siRNA (m) is a target-specific 19-25 nt siRNA designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see TMEM106C shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-154345-SH and TMEM106C shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-154345-V as alternate gene silencing products.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNase-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

TMEM106C siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of TMEM106C expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor TMEM106C gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: TMEM106C (m)-PR: sc-154345-PR (20 μ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.