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# TRNT1 siRNA (m): sc-154687

## BACKGROUND

TRNT1 (tRNA nucleotidyl transferase, CCA-adding, 1), also known as CCA1, MtCCA or CGI-47, is a 434 amino acid mitochondrial protein belonging to the tRNA nucleotidyltransferase/poly(A) polymerase family. Considered a CCA-adding enzyme, TRNT1 is essential for catalyzing the addition of the CCA terminus to the 3' end of tRNA precursors, a reaction which is a fundamental prerequisite for mature tRNAs to become aminoacylated and to participate in protein biosynthesis. Existing as three isoforms produced by alternative splicing events, TRNT1 binds manganese as a cofactor and is subject to homodimerization by disulfid linkage. TRNT1 is encoded by a gene located on human chromosome 3p26.2, which houses over 1,100 genes, including a chemokine receptor (CKR) gene cluster and a variety of human cancer-related gene loci.

## REFERENCES

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2. Nagaïke, T., Suzuki, T., Tomari, Y., Takemoto-Hori, C., Negayama, F., Watanabe, K. and Ueda, T. 2001. Identification and characterization of mammalian mitochondrial tRNA nucleotidyltransferases. *J. Biol. Chem.* 276: 40041-40049.
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6. Xiong, Y. and Steitz, T.A. 2004. Mechanism of transfer RNA maturation by CCA-adding enzyme without using an oligonucleotide template. *Nature* 430: 640-645.
7. Xiong, Y. and Steitz, T.A. 2006. A story with a good ending: tRNA 3'-end maturation by CCA-adding enzymes. *Curr. Opin. Struct. Biol.* 16: 12-17.
8. Lizano, E., Schuster, J., Müller, M., Kelso, J. and Mörl, M. 2007. A splice variant of the human CCA-adding enzyme with modified activity. *J. Mol. Biol.* 366: 1258-1265.
9. Müller, C. and Distl, O. 2009. Scanning 17 candidate genes for association with primary cataracts in the wire-haired Dachshund. *Vet. J.* 182: 342-345.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: *Trnt1* (mouse) mapping to 6 E1.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.

## PRODUCT

TRNT1 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see TRNT1 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-154687-SH and TRNT1 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-154687-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of TRNT1 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-154687A, sc-154687B and sc-154687C.

## STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNase-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

## APPLICATIONS

TRNT1 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of TRNT1 expression in mouse cells.

## SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10  $\mu$ M in 66  $\mu$ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

## RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor TRNT1 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: TRNT1 (m)-PR: sc-154687-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.