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# UFSP2 siRNA (m): sc-154893

## BACKGROUND

UFM1 (ubiquitin-fold modifier 1) is a ubiquitin-like protein that is conjugated to target proteins by UBA5, an E1-like activating enzyme, and Ufc1, an E2-like conjugating enzyme. Through these interactions, UFM1 conjugates to target proteins by a covalent linkage. UFSP2 (Ufm1-specific protease 2) is a 469 amino acid thiol protease that specifically cleaves UFM1 precursor and leads to exposure of its conserved C-terminal glycine, a step required prior to conjugation to target proteins. UFSP2 is also capable of releasing UFM1 from UFM1-conjugated cellular proteins. The gene encoding UFSP2 maps to human chromosome 4, which houses nearly 6% of the human genome and has the largest gene deserts (regions of the genome with no protein encoding genes) of all of the human chromosomes. Defects in some of the genes located on chromosome 4 are associated with Huntington's disease, Ellis-van Creveld syndrome, methylmalonic acidemia and polycystic kidney disease.

## REFERENCES

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2. Wilson, M.D., et al. 2001. Comparative analysis of the gene-dense ACHE/TFR2 region on human chromosome 7q22 with the orthologous region on mouse chromosome 5. *Nucleic Acids Res.* 29: 1352-1365.
3. Komatsu, M., et al. 2004. A novel protein-conjugating system for Ufm1, a ubiquitin-fold modifier. *EMBO J.* 23: 1977-1986.
4. Kang, S.H., et al. 2007. Two novel ubiquitin-fold modifier 1 (Ufm1)-specific proteases, UFSP1 and UFSP2. *J. Biol. Chem.* 282: 5256-5262.
5. Ha, B.H., et al. 2008. Structural basis for Ufm1 processing by UFSP1. *J. Biol. Chem.* 283: 14893-14900.
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7. Eijgelsheim, M., et al. 2010. Genome-wide association analysis identifies multiple loci related to resting heart rate. *Hum. Mol. Genet.* 19: 3885-3894.
8. Tatsumi, K., et al. 2010. A novel type of E3 ligase for the Ufm1 conjugation system. *J. Biol. Chem.* 285: 5417-5427.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: *Ufsp2* (mouse) mapping to 8 B1.1.

## PRODUCT

UFSP2 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see UFSP2 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-154893-SH and UFSP2 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-154893-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of UFSP2 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-154893A, sc-154893B and sc-154893C.

## STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNase-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNase-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

## APPLICATIONS

UFSP2 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of UFSP2 expression in mouse cells.

## SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10  $\mu$ M in 66  $\mu$ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

## GENE EXPRESSION MONITORING

UFSP2 (G-11): sc-376084 is recommended as a control antibody for monitoring of UFSP2 gene expression knockdown by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) or immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>™</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

## RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor UFSP2 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: UFSP2 (m)-PR: sc-154893-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.