

Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien
Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial
Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik
Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten! See the following pages for more information!



Lieferung & Zahlungsart siehe unsere Liefer- und Versandbedingungen

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

Quellenstraße 110, A-1100 Wien T. +43(0)1 489 3961-0 F. +43(0)1 489 3961-7 <u>mail@szabo-scandic.com</u> www.szabo-scandic.com

SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

WDR17 siRNA (m): sc-155260



BACKGROUND

WD-repeats are motifs that are found in a variety of proteins and are characterized by a conserved core of 40-60 amino acids that commonly form a tertiary propeller structure. While proteins that contain WD-repeats participate in a wide range of cellular functions, they are generally involved in regulatory mechanisms concerning chromatin assembly, cell cycle control, signal transduction, RNA processing, apoptosis and vesicular trafficking. WDR17 (WD repeat domain 17) is a 1,322 amino acid protein containing WD repeats, which is expressed in testis and retina and is found at lower levels in brain, colon, thymus, bone marrow, uterus and skeletal muscle. Possibly involved in retinal development, WDR17 is encoded by a gene located on human chromosome 4, which represents approximately 6% of the human genome, contains nearly 900 genes and is associated with Huntington's disease, Ellis-van Creveld syndrome, methylmalonic acidemia and polycystic kidney disease.

REFERENCES

- Singhrao, S.K., Thomas, P., Wood, J.D., MacMillan, J.C., Neal, J.W., Harper, P.S. and Jones, A.L. 1998. Huntingtin protein colocalizes with lesions of neurodegenerative diseases: an investigation in Huntington's, Alzheimer's, and Pick's diseases. Exp. Neurol. 150: 213-222.
- Krakow, D., Salazar, D., Wilcox, W.R., Rimoin, D.L. and Cohn, D.H. 2000. Exclusion of the Ellis-van Creveld region on chromosome 4p16 in some families with asphyxiating thoracic dystrophy and short-rib polydactyly syndromes. Eur. J. Hum. Genet. 8: 645-648.
- Sommardahl, C., Cottrell, M., Wilkinson, J.E., Woychik, R.P. and Johnson, D.K. 2001. Phenotypic variations of orpk mutation and chromosomal localization of modifiers influencing kidney phenotype. Physiol. Genomics 7: 127-134.
- Stöhr, H., Mohr, N., Fröhlich, S., Mehdi, S.Q., Bhattacharya, S.S. and Weber, B.H. 2002. Cloning and characterization of WDR17, a novel WD repeat-containing gene on chromosome 4q34. Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1579: 18-25.
- Dobson, C.M., Wai, T., Leclerc, D., Wilson, A., Wu, X., Dore, C., Hudson, T., Rosenblatt, D.S. and Gravel, R.A. 2002. Identification of the gene responsible for the cbIA complementation group of vitamin B₁₂-responsive methylmalonic acidemia based on analysis of prokaryotic gene arrangements. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 99: 15554-15559.
- 6. Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man, OMIM™. 2004. Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, MD. MIM Number: 609005. World Wide Web URL: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/omim/
- Roni, V., Carpio, R. and Wissinger, B. 2007. Mapping of transcription start sites of human retina expressed genes. BMC Genomics 8: 42.
- Geisert, E.E., Lu, L., Freeman-Anderson, N.E., Templeton, J.P., Nassr, M., Wang, X., Gu, W., Jiao, Y. and Williams, R.W. 2009. Gene expression in the mouse eye: an online resource for genetics using 103 strains of mice. Mol. Vis. 15: 1730-1763.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Wdr17 (mouse) mapping to 8 B1.3.

PRODUCT

WDR17 siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 μ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see WDR17 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-155260-SH and WDR17 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-155260-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of WDR17 (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-155260A, sc-155260B and sc-155260C.

STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 μ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10 μ M solution in a 10 μ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

APPLICATIONS

WDR17 siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of WDR17 expression in mouse cells.

SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 μ M in 66 μ l. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

RT-PCR REAGENTS

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor WDR17 gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: WDR17 (m)-PR: sc-155260-PR (20 μ I). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.