

# Produktinformation



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# CLC-5 siRNA (chicken): sc-270042



The Power to Question

# **BACKGROUND**

The family of voltage-dependent chloride channels (CLCs) regulate cellular trafficking of chloride ions, a critical component of all living cells. CLCs regulate excitability in muscle and nerve cells, aid in organic solute transport and maintain cellular volume. The genes encoding human CLC-1 through CLC-7 map to chromosomes 7q34, 3q27.1, 4q33, Xp22.2, Xp11.23, 1p36.22 and 16p13.3, respectively. CLC-1 is highly expressed in skeletal muscle. Mutations in the gene encoding CLC-1 lead to myotonia, an inheritable disorder characterized by muscle stiffness and renal salt wasting. CLC-2 is highly expressed in the epithelia of several organs including lung, which suggests CLC-2 may be a possible therapeutic target for cystic fibrosis. CLC-3 expression is particularly abundant in neuronal tissue, while CLC-4 expression is evident in skeletal and cardiac muscle as well as brain. Mutations in the gene encoding CLC-5 lead to Dent's disease, a renal disorder characterized by proteinuria and hypercalciuria. CLC-6 and CLC-7 are broadly expressed in several tissues including testis, kidney, brain and muscle.

# **REFERENCES**

- 1. Koch, M.C., et al. 1992. The skeletal muscle chloride channel in dominant and recessive human myotonia. Science 257: 797-800.
- Pook, M.A., et al. 1993. Dent's disease, a renal Fanconi syndrome with nephrocalcinosis and kidney stones, is associated with a microdeletion involving DXS255 and maps to Xp11.22. Hum. Mol. Genet. 2: 2129-2134.
- van Slegtenhorst, M.A., et al. 1994. A gene from the Xp22.3 region shares homology with voltage-gated chloride channels. Hum. Mol. Genet. 3: 547-552.
- Brandt, S., et al. 1995. CLC-6 and CLC-7 are two novel broadly expressed members of the CLC chloride channel family. FEBS. Lett. 377: 15-20.
- Cid, L.P., et al. 1995. Cloning of a putative human voltage-gated chloride channel (CIC-2) cDNA widely expressed in human tissues. Hum. Mol. Genet. 4: 407-413.
- 6. Borsani, G., et al. 1995. Characterization of a human and murine gene (CLCN3) sharing similarities to voltage-gated chloride channels and to a yeast integral membrane protein. Genomics 27: 131-141.

# CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: CLCN5 (chicken) mapping to 4.

#### **PRODUCT**

CLC-5 siRNA (chicken) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10  $\mu$ M solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see CLC-5 shRNA Plasmid (chicken): sc-270042-SH and CLC-5 shRNA (chicken) Lentiviral Particles: sc-270042-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of CLC-5 (chicken) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-270042A, sc-270042B and sc-270042C.

#### STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330  $\mu$ l of RNAse-free water makes a 10  $\mu$ M solution in a 10  $\mu$ M Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

# **APPLICATIONS**

CLC-5 siRNA (chicken) is recommended for the inhibition of CLC-5 expression in chicken cells.

#### **SUPPORT REAGENTS**

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

# **RT-PCR REAGENTS**

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: CLC-5 (chicken)-PR: sc-270042-PR (20  $\mu$ l). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.

# **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

# **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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