

Produktinformation



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Monosan® AEC Substrate Kit

REF / Cat. No.: MON-APP171 500 Tests (55 ml) MON-APP172 5000 Tests (515 ml)

Instructions for use

Intended use

Monosan® AEC Substrate kit is intended for immunohistochemical and in situ-hybridisation staining procedures with horse radish peroxidase (HRP). AEC (3-Amino-9-ethylcarbazol) leads to the formation of a red-brown precipitate at the location of the target antigen or target nucleic acid. The precipitate is insoluble in aqueous mounting media and can be observed by light microscopy.

Monosan® AEC Substrate kit is intended for research use only, not for drug, diagnostic or other use.

Reagents provided

REF / Cat. No. MON-APP171

3 ml Monosan[®] AEC Chromogen (liquid AEC concentrate) 11 x 5 ml Monosan[®] AEC Substrate Buffer

REF / Cat. No. MON-APP172

Monosan® AEC Chromogen (liquid AEC concentrate) 15 ml

Monosan® AEC Substrate Buffer 500 ml

Storage and Handling

The solutions should be stored at 2-8 ℃ without further dilution. Please store the reagents in a dark place and do not freeze them. Under these conditions the solutions are stable up to the expiry date indicated on the label. Do not use product after the expiry date.

The working solution should be prepared freshly at the day of use. Once the two reagents are combined, the resulting solution is stable for up to three hours. Excess working solution needs to be disposed as hazardous substance. A positive and a negative control have to be carried out in parallel to the test material. If you observe unusual staining or other deviations from the expected results which could possibly be caused by the kit reagents please contact Monosans' technical support or your local distributor.

Precautions

Use by qualified personnel only. Some of the reagents used in this kit are hazardous to your health. Wear protective clothing to avoid contact of reagents or specimen with eve, skin or mucous membrane. In case of a reagent or specimen coming into contact with a sensitive area, wash the area with large amounts of water. Microbial contamination of the reagents must be avoided, since otherwise non-specific staining may occur. Material safety data sheets (MSDS) are available upon request.

Reagent preparation (preparation of the working solution)

MON-APP171:

Add 2 drops of AEC Chromogen (AEC concentrate) to one bottle of Monosan® AEC Substrate Buffer and mix thoroughly.

MON-APP172:

Add 20 µl AEC Chromogen (AEC concentrate) to 1 ml of Monosan® AEC Substrate Buffer and mix thoroughly. Note: The colour intensity can be adjusted by decreasing or increasing the AEC concentration in the working solution.

Staining procedure

1) Rinse the slide with wash buffer after the previous incubation step.

- 2) Apply the AEC working solution onto the slide. Incubate for 5-20 minutes.
- 3) Rinse with distilled H₂O.
- 4) Counterstain with haematoxylin for about 30 seconds up to 5 minutes (depending on the desired staining intensity).
- 5) Rinse with distilled H₂O.
- 6) Blueing in tap water for at least 5 minutes.
- 7) Mount with an aqueous mounting medium.

Quality control

We recommend carrying out a positive and a negative control with every staining run. The positive control permits the validation of appropriate processing of the sample. If the negative control has a positive result, this points to unspecific staining. Please refer to the instructions of the detection system for guidance on general quality control procedures.

Troubleshooting

If you observe unusual staining or other deviations from the expected results please read these instructions carefully, contact Monosans' technical support or your local distributor. Also refer to the instructions of the detection systems for guidance on general troubleshooting.

Expected results

During the reaction of the substrate with horse radish peroxidase in presence of the chromogen AEC, a red-brown precipitate is formed at the location of the target antigen or nucleic acid. The precipitate is insoluble in aqueous solvents and can be observed by light microscopy.

Limitations of the procedure

Immunohistochemistry is a complex method in which histological as well as immunological detection methods are combined. Tissue processing and handling prior to immunostaining, for example variations in fixation and embedding or the inherent nature of the tissue can cause inconsistent results (Nadji and Morales, 1983). In some tissues endogenous peroxidase activity may cause non-specific staining. The enzyme activity should be blocked by incubation with hydrogen peroxide solution (H₂O₂ solution, Cat. No. MON-APP145/146/147). The step is carried out before incubation with primary antibody but after dewaxing and rehydration. Background staining due to endogenous biotin can be blocked through an avidin-biotin blocking step prior to the primary antibody incubation step.

The coloured precipitate formed by AEC is soluble in organic solvents. The tissue sections therefore have to be counterstained with aqueous solutions (e. g. Gill's or Mayer's haematoxylin) and mounted with aqueous mounting media (Cat. No MON-APP188). The colour intensity of the reaction product can decrease with time, especially when exposed to light. The staining reaction itself can be influenced in the same way when carried out in strong light. Monosan[®] guarantees that the product will meet all requirements described from its shipping date until its expiry date, as long as the product is correctly stored and utilized. No additional guarantees can be given. Under no circumstances shall Monosan[®] be liable for any damages arising out of the use of the reagent provided.

Performance characteristics

Monosan[®] has conducted studies to evaluate the performance of the kit reagents in combination with standard detection systems. The product has been found to be suitable for the intended use.

Bibliography

Elias JM "Immunohistopathology – A practical Approach to Diagnosis" ASCP Press 2003 Nadji M and Morales AR Ann N.Y. Acad Sci 420:134-9, 1983

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY, NOT FOR DRUG, DIAGNOSTIC OR OTHER USE.

Explanation of the symbols on the product label:

REF	Bestellnummer Catalog Number Reference du catalogue	LOT	Chargenbezeichnung Batch Code Code du lot	X	Reizend Irritant Irritant	
Xn	Gesundheitsschädlich Harmful Nocif		Giftig Toxic Toxique	Hersteller / Manufacturer / Fabricant Monosan®		
	Verwendbar bis Use By Utiliser jusque				Frontstraat 2c 5405 PB Uden The Netherlands Tel: (+31) 413 251115 Fax: (+31) 413 266605 info@monosan.com www.monosan.com	
	Gebrauchsanweisung beachten Consult Instructions for use Consulter les instructions d'utilisation		Lagerungstemperatur Temperature Limitation Limites de température			