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Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

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See the following pages for more information!



Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere [Liefer- und Versandbedingungen](#)

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

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Product datasheet PS352

MONOSAN[®]

PAX-2, clone EP235, format concentrate

Clone no. EP235

MONOSAN

Product name	PAX-2, clone EP235, format concentrate
Host	Rabbit
Applications	IHC-P (1:10-1:50)
Species reactivity	human
Conjugate	-
Immunogen	Unknown or proprietary to MONOSAN and/or its suppliers
Isotype	-
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone number	EP235
Size	1 ml
Concentration	n/a
Format	-
Storage buffer	Tris Buffer, pH 7.3-7.7, containing 1% BSA and <0.1% Sodium Azide
Storage until expiry date	2-8°C

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

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MONOSAN

Additional info

PAX2 is a member of the paired box family of transcription factors, which is required for development and proliferation of the kidney, brain, and müllerian organs. PAX2 genes contain a highly conserved DNA sequence within the paired box region, which encodes a DNA-binding domain, enabling PAX proteins to bind the promoters of specific genes to transcriptionally regulate their expression. PAX2 is specifically expressed in the developing central nervous system, eye, ear, and urogenital tract, and is essential for the development of these organs. In normal adult tissues PAX2 was mainly detected in the urogenital system, including kidney, ureteric epithelium, fallopian tube epithelium, ovary and uterus. In tumors, PAX2 has been detected in renal cell carcinomas, Wilms' tumors, nephrogenic adenomas and papillary serous carcinoma of the ovary. PAX2 has been used as a marker for the identification of renal cell carcinoma and ovarian carcinoma by immunohistochemistry.

References

1. Gnarra JR, et al. Cancer Res. 1995; 55:4092-8
2. Mazal PR, et al. Mod Pathol. 2005; 4:535-40
3. Chivukula M, et al. Int J Gynecol Pathol. 2009; 28:570-8
4. -
5. -

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