

# Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

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## Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere Liefer- und Versandbedingungen

## Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

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## Instructions For Use

# A00107-C-IFU-RUO

Rev. Date: Oct. 10, 2012

**Revision: 1** 

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P.O. Box 3286 - Logan, Utah 84323, U.S.A. - Tel. (800) 729-8350 - Tel. (435) 755-9848 - Fax (435) 755-0015 - www.scytek.com

# CA19-9; Clone 121SLE (Concentrate)

Availability/Contents: <u>Item #</u> <u>Volume</u>

**Description:** 

Species: Mouse

Immunogen: Precipitin lines obtained after immunodiffusion using MAb 116-NS-19-9 and mucins isolated

from an ovarian cyst of a Lewis A+B- patient (0Le) were used as immunogen for this CA19-9

antibody.

Clone: 121SLE IgM, Kappa

Concentration: Bioreactor Concentrate.

Format: This antibody is provided in a phosphate buffered saline containing 1% BSA. Specificity: CA19-9, a carbohydrate epitope expressed on a high MW (>400kDa) mucin (

CA19-9, a carbohydrate epitope expressed on a high MW (>400kĎa) mucin glycoprotein, is a sialyl Lewis<sup>a</sup> structure which is synthesized from type 1 blood group precursor chains and is present in individuals expressing the Lewis<sup>a</sup> and/or Lewis<sup>b</sup> blood group antigens. In normal tissues, sialyl Lewis<sup>a</sup> antigen is present in ductal epithelium of the breast, kidney, salivary gland, and sweat glands. Its expression is greatly enhanced in serum as well as in the majority of tumor cells in gastrointestinal (GI) carcinomas, including adenocarcinomas of the stomach, intestine, and pancreas. Preoperative elevated CA19-9 levels in patients with stage I pancreatic

carcinoma decrease to normal values following surgery. When used serially, CA19-9 can predict recurrence of disease prior to radiographic or clinical findings.

Species Reactivity: Human

Cellular Localization: Lumenal surface and cytoplasm.

Titer/Working Dilution: Immunohistochemistry: 1:25 – 1:50

Microbiological State: This product is not sterile.

**Uses/Limitations:** Not to be taken internally.

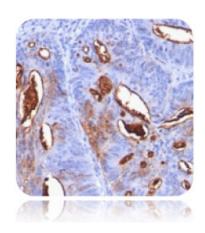
For Research Use Only.

This product is intended for qualitative immunohistochemistry with normal and neoplastic formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue sections, to be viewed by light microscopy.

Do not use if reagent becomes cloudy. Do not use past expiration date. Use caution when handling reagents.

Non-Sterile.

Ordering Information and Current Pricing at www.scytek.com



Storage: 2° C

ScyTek Laboratories, Inc. 205 South 600 West Logan, UT 84321 U.S.A.

CE

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# Instructions For Use A00107-C-IFU-RUO

**Revision: 1** 

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AUU1U/-C-IFU-RUC

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#### Procedure:

 Tissue Section Pretreatment: Staining of formalin fixed, paraffin embedded tissue sections is enhanced by pretreatment with Citrate Plus (ScyTek catalog# CPL500) or 10mM citrate buffer, pH 6.0 (ScyTek Catalog# CBB500, see IFU for instructions).

Rev. Date: Oct. 10, 2012

- Primary Antibody Incubation Time: We suggest an incubation period of 30 minutes at room temperature.
   However, depending upon the fixation conditions and the staining system employed, optimal incubation should be determined by the user.
- 3. **Visualization:** For maximum staining intensity we recommend the "UltraTek HRP Anti-Polyvalent Lab Pack" (ScyTek catalog# UHP125, see IFU for instructions) combined with the "DAB Chromogen/Substrate Bulk Pack (High Contrast)" (ScyTek catalog# ACV500, see IFU for instructions).

**Precautions:** Contains Sodium Azide as a preservative (0.09% w/v).

Do not pipette by mouth.

Avoid contact of reagents and specimens with skin and mucous membranes.

Avoid microbial contamination of reagents or increased nonspecific staining may occur.

This product contains no hazardous material at a reportable concentration according to U.S. 29 CFR 1910.1200,

OSHA Hazardous Communication Standard and EC Directive 91/155/EC.

#### References:

- Nomoto S; Nakao A; Ichihara T; Takagi H. Hepato-Gastroenterology, 1995 Sep-Oct, 42(5):717-23.
- 2. Webb A; Scott-Mackie P; Cunningham D; Norman A; Andreyev J; O'Brien M; Bensted J. European Journal of Cancer, 1996 Jan, 32A(1):63-8.
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- 5. Kodera Y; Yamamura Y; Torii A; Uesaka K; Hirai T; Yasui K; Morimoto T; Kato T; Kito T. American J of Gastroenterology, 1996, 91:49-53.
- 6. Furuya N; Kawa S; Hasebe O; Tokoo M; Mukawa K; Maejima S; Oguchi H. British Journal of Cancer, 1996 Feb, 73(3):372-6.
- 7. Wang FM; Tsai LC; Chang ZN; Han SH; Tsao D. Proceedings of the National Science Council, Republic of China. Part B, Life Sciences, 1985 Apr, 9(2):119-25.

### Warranty:

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