

Produktinformation



Forschungsprodukte & Biochemikalien



Zellkultur & Verbrauchsmaterial



Diagnostik & molekulare Diagnostik



Laborgeräte & Service

Weitere Information auf den folgenden Seiten! See the following pages for more information!



Lieferung & Zahlungsart

siehe unsere Liefer- und Versandbedingungen

Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
- Gefahrgutzuschlag
- Expressversand

SZABO-SCANDIC HandelsgmbH

Quellenstraße 110, A-1100 Wien

T. +43(0)1 489 3961-0

F. +43(0)1 489 3961-7

mail@szabo-scandic.com

www.szabo-scandic.com

linkedin.com/company/szaboscandic in





Instructions For Use

A00126-C-IFU-RUO

Rev. Date: Apr. 25, 2013

Revision: 1

Page 1 of 3

P.O. Box 3286 - Logan, Utah 84323, U.S.A. - Tel. (800) 729-8350 - Tel. (435) 755-9848 - Fax (435) 755-0015 - www.scytek.com

CD31; Clone C31.3 (Concentrate)

Availability/Contents: <u>Item #</u> <u>Volume</u> A00126-C 1 ml

Description:

Species: Mouse

Immunogen: Human spleen membranes from a patient with hairy cell leukemia was used as immunogen to

generate the CD31 (PECAM-1) antibody (Parums, 1990).

Clone: C31.3

Isotype: Mouse IgG1, Kappa

Format: This antibody is provided in a phosphate buffered saline containing 1% BSA.

Specificity: The CD31 antibody (clone C31.3 or PECAM-1) is widely used as a pan-endothelial cell marker

to demonstrate the presence of endothelial cells in tissue sections by immunohistochemistry. The CD31 (PECAM-1) antibody reacts with normal, benign, and malignant endothelium.

Background:

CD31 (PECAM-1) is a transmembrane glycoprotein member of the immunoglobulin supergene family of adhesion molecules, and plays key roles in leukocyte migration, angiogenesis, and integrin activation. CD31 is expressed on endothelial and hematopoeitic (platelets, monocytes, macrophages, granulocytes, T and B lymphocytes, dendritic, bone marrow stem and adult) cells. The CD31 antibody stains these various cell types to various degrees (Parvens, 1990; Govender, 1997).

The CD31 antibody (clone C31.3 or PECAM-1) is widely used as a pan-endothelial cell marker to demonstrate the presence of endothelial cells in tissue sections by immunohistochemistry. The CD31 (PECAM-1) antibody reacts with normal, benign, and malignant endothelium and has a number of practical applications including marking vessels and assessing tumor microvessel density (Giatromanolaki, 2012). Since malignant endothelium retains CD31 expression, the CD31 antibody is commonly used in antibody panels to determine or confirm tissue origin of a given tumor (Gratzinger, 2009). This can be particularly useful as it can otherwise be difficult to distinguish endothelial from other cell types in routine tissue sections solely by morphological features.

Endothelial cells make up blood vessel lining, and angiogenesis refers to the growth of new blood vessels from pre-existing vessels. Pathological angiogenesis is associated with tumor growth and metastasis, and the CD31 antibody is useful for helping to confirm (CD31 / PECAM-1 antibody positive) or exclude (CD31 / PECAM-1 antibody negative) neoplastic angioinvasion (Jernman, 2012). The level of CD31 expression can help to determine the degree of tumor angiogenesis, and a high level of CD31 (PECAM-1) antibody staining may imply a rapidly growing tumor and potentially a predictor of tumor recurrence.

Species Reactivity: Human.

Positive Control: Tonsil, Liver, Kidney.

Cellular Localization: Membrane.

Titer/Working Dilution: Immunohistochemistry: 1:100 – 1:200

Microbiological State: This product is not sterile.

Storage: 2° C 8° C

ScyTek Laboratories, Inc. 205 South 600 West Logan, UT 84321 U.S.A.

 ϵ

EC REP EmergoEurope (31)(0) 70 345-8570 Molsnstraat 15 2513 BH Hague, The Netherlands



Instructions For Use A00126-C-IFU-RUO

Revision: 1

A00120-C-II-U-RUC

P.O. Box 3286 - Logan, Utah 84323, U.S.A. - Tel. (800) 729-8350 - Tel. (435) 755-9848 - Fax (435) 755-0015 - www.scytek.com

Rev. Date: Apr. 25, 2013

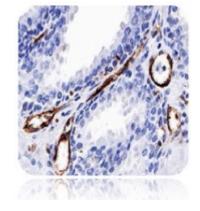
Uses/Limitations: Not to be taken internally.

For Research Use Only.

This product is intended for qualitative immunohistochemistry with normal and neoplastic formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue sections, to be viewed by light microscopy.

Do not use if reagent becomes cloudy. Do not use past expiration date. Use caution when handling reagents.

Non-Sterile.



Page 2 of 3

Ordering Information and Current Pricing at www.scytek.com

Procedure:

- 1. **Tissue Section Pretreatment <u>REQUIRED</u>:** Staining of formalin fixed, paraffin embedded tissue sections is enhanced by pretreatment with EDTA Saline Buffer (10X Concentrate); pH 8.0 (ScyTek catalog# ETA500).
- Primary Antibody Incubation Time: We suggest an incubation period of 30 minutes at room temperature.
 However, depending upon the fixation conditions and the staining system employed, optimal incubation should be determined by the user.
- 3. **Visualization:** For maximum staining intensity we recommend the "UltraTek HRP Anti-Polyvalent Lab Pack" (ScyTek catalog# UHP125, see IFU for instructions) combined with the "DAB Chromogen/Substrate Bulk Pack (High Contrast)" (ScyTek catalog# ACV500, see IFU for instructions).

Precautions: Contains Sodium Azide as a preservative (0.09% w/v).

Do not pipette by mouth.

Avoid contact of reagents and specimens with skin and mucous membranes.

Avoid microbial contamination of reagents or increased nonspecific staining may occur.

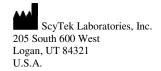
This product contains no hazardous material at a reportable concentration according to U.S. 29 CFR 1910.1200,

OSHA Hazardous Communication Standard and FC Directive 91/155/FC.

References:

- Parums DV, JL Cordell, K Micklem, AR Heryet, KC Gatter, DY Mason. J Clin Pathol 43:752-757 (1990). WB: Fig 1 (spleen and platelets); Immunocytochemistry: Fig 2 (blood smear); IHC (frozen): Fig 3 (tonsil); IHC (paraffin): Figs 4-7 (various tissues).
- 2. Govender D, P Harilal, M Dada, R Chetty. J Clin Pathol 50:490-493 (1997). IHC (paraffin): Fig 1 (chronic inflammatory infiltrate), Fig 2 (multiple myeloma).
- 3. Jernman J, MJ Valimaki, J Jouhimo, C Haglund, J Arola. Neuroendocrinology 94:317-324 (2012). IHC (paraffin): Tables 1-3 (gastrointestinal neuroendocrine neoplasms).
- 4. Giatromanolaki A, MI Koukourakis, E Sivridis, K C Gatter, T Trarbach, G Folprecht, M M Shi, D Lebwohl, T Jalava, D Laurent, G Meinhardt, AL Harris. BJC doi: 10.1038/bjc.2012.369 (2012). IHC (paraffin): Fig 1 (colon carcinoma).
- Gratzinger D, S Zhao, R West, RV Rouse, H Vogel, EC Gil, R Levy, IS Lossos, Y Natkunam. Am J Clin Pathol 131:264-278 (2009). IHC
 (P). IHC (P): Figs 2B (myocardial vasculature), 2D (fetal myocardial vasculature). Various other tissues were used in this study and results described.

Storage: 2° C 8° C







Instructions For Use A00126-C-IFU-RUO

Rev. Date: Apr. 25, 2013

Revision: 1

Page 3 of 3

P.O. Box 3286 - Logan, Utah 84323, U.S.A. - Tel. (800) 729-8350 - Tel. (435) 755-9848 - Fax (435) 755-0015 - www.scytek.com

Warranty:

No products or "Instructions For Use (IFU)" are to be construed as a recommendation for use in violation of any patents. We make no representations, warranties or assurances as to the accuracy or completeness of information provided on our IFU or website. Our warranty is limited to the actual price paid for the product. ScyTek Laboratories, Inc. is not liable for any property damage, personal injury, time or effort or economic loss caused by our products. Immunohistochemistry is a complex technique involving both histological and immunological detection methods. Tissue processing and handling prior to immunostaining can cause inconsistent results. Variations in fixation and embedding or the inherent nature of the tissue specimen may cause variations in results. Endogenous peroxidase activity or pseudoperoxidase activity in erythrocytes and endogenous biotin may cause non-specific staining depending on detection system used.

Storage: 2° C 8° C

