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Lieferung & Zahlungsart

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Zuschläge

- Mindermengenzuschlag
- Trockeneiszuschlag
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- Expressversand

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Tau-441 (2N4R) P301S Mutant Pre-formed Fibrils (CHO- expressed, N- glycosylated)



Discovery through Partnership | Excellence through Quality

Human Recombinant Tau-441 (2N4R) P301S
Mutant Pre-formed Fibrils (CHO-expressed, N-
glycosylated)
Catalog No. SPR-516

Product Name

Tau-441 (2N4R) P301S Mutant Pre-formed Fibrils (CHO-expressed, N-glycosylated)

Description

Human Recombinant Tau-441 (2N4R) P301S Mutant Pre-formed Fibrils (CHO-expressed, N-glycosylated)

Applications

WB, SDS PAGE, In vitro Assay

Concentration

Lot/batch specific. See included datasheet.

Conjugates

N-term histidine tag & TEV site

Nature

Recombinant

Species

Human

Expression System

Chinese Hamster Ovary (CHO)

Amino Acid Sequence

GGSHHHHHHHHHHGGSGSENLYFQGMAEPRQEFVEMEDHAGTYGLGDRKDQGGYTMHQDQEGDTDAGLKESPLQT
PTEDGSEEPGSETSDAKSTPTAEDVTAPLVDEGAPGKQAAAQPHTEIPGTTAEEAGIGDTPSLEDEAAGHVTVQARMVSKS
KDGTSDDKAKAGADGKTKIATPRGAAPPQKQGANATRIPAKTPPAPKTPSSGEPKSGDRSGYSSPGSPGTPGSRSR
TPSLPTPTREPKKVAVVRTPPKSPSSAKSRLQTAPVPMPLKKNVSKIGSTENLKHQPGGGKVQIINKKLDLSNVQSKCGS
KDNIKHVS GGGSVQIVYKPVDSLKVT SKCGSLGNIHHKPGGGQVEVKSEKLDKDRVQSKIGSLDNITHVPGGGNKKIETH
KLTFRNAKAKTDHGAEIVYKSPVVS GDTSPRHLSNVSS TGSIDMVDSPQLATLADEV SASLAKQGL

Purity

>95%

Protein Length

441 aa (excluding tag), 466 aa (including tag)

Protein Size

48.609 kDa

Field Of Use

Not for use in humans. Not for use in diagnostics or therapeutics. For in vitro research use only.

Properties

Storage Buffer

1X PB pH7.4, 2mM DTT

Storage Temperature

-80°C

Shipping Temperature

Dry Ice. Shipping note: Product will be shipped separately from other products purchased in the same order.

Purification

Affinity Purified and Size Exclusion

Cite This Product

Human Recombinant Tau-441 (2N4R) P301S Mutant Pre-formed Fibrils (CHO-expressed, N-glycosylated) (StressMarq Biosciences Inc., Victoria BC CANADA, Catalog # SPR-516)

Certificate Of Analysis

Protein certified >95% pure on SDS-PAGE & Nanodrop analysis

Other Relevant Information

CHO expression in mammalian cell line may lead to more "human" like phosphorylation/glycosylation patterns. For best results, sonicate immediately prior to use. Refer to the Neurodegenerative Protein Handling Instructions on our website, or the product datasheet for further information. Monomer source is catalog# SPR-515.

Biological Description

Alternative Names

MAPT, intracellular neurofibrillary tangles, NFTs, paired helical filaments, PHFs, 2N4R

Research Areas

Alzheimer's Disease, Neurodegeneration, Neuroscience, Tangles & Tau


Swiss Prot

P10636-8

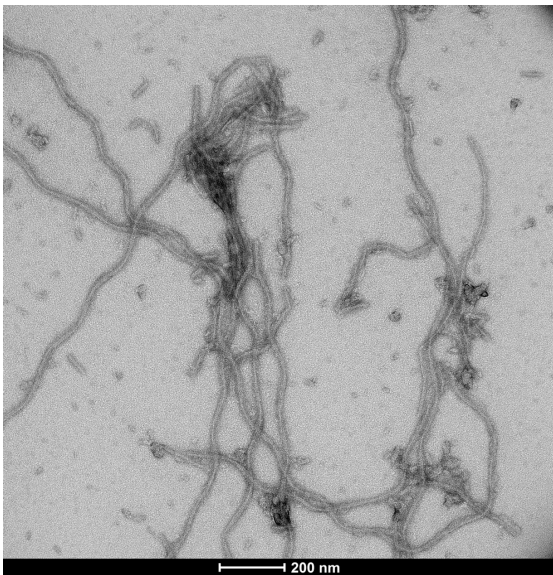
Scientific Background

Mammalian N-glycosylation is present on CHO-secreted tau 2N4R, which contributes to slower migration on SDS-PAGE than E.coli or Baculovirus/Sf9 expressed tau (1, 2). N-glycosylated tau has been identified in human AD-diseased brains, but not healthy brains, and may precede tau hyperphosphorylation (3, 4). N-glycosylation of Tau has been demonstrated to affect its aggregation propensity (5). The tau P301S mutation is associated with early onset neurodegeneration, and functionally reduces microtubule assembly and stimulates fibril assembly (6, 7). Our CHO-expressed Tau 2N4R P301S will readily form fibrils in the absence of heparin and contains mammalian post-translational modifications that may better mimic tau in human AD-brains.

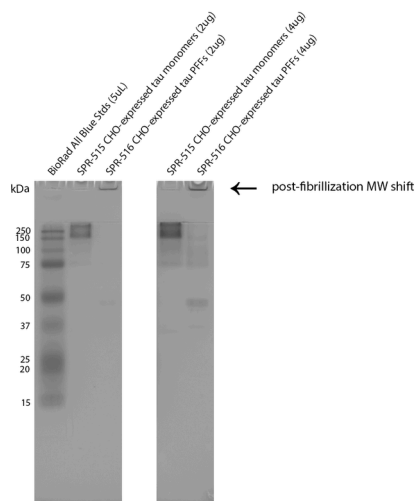
References

1. Guo et al., 2019. A pathogenic tau fragment compromises microtubules, disrupts insulin signaling and induces the unfolded protein response. *Acta Neuropathologica Communications*. DOI: 10.1186/s40478-018-0651-9 
 2. Losev et al., 2020. Differential effects of putative N-glycosylation sites in human Tau on Alzheimer's disease-related neurodegeneration. *Cellular and Molecular Life Sciences*. DOI: 10.1007/s00018-020-03643-3
 3. Zhang et al., 2020. Integrative glycoproteomics reveals protein N-glycosylation aberrations and glycoproteomic network alterations in Alzheimer's disease. *Sci. Adv.* DOI: 10.1126/sciadv.abc5802
 4. Liu et al., 2002. Role of glycosylation in hyperphosphorylation of tau in Alzheimer's disease. *FEBS*. DOI: 10.1016/S0014-5793(02)02228-7
 5. Losev et al., 2019. Novel model of secreted human tau protein reveals the impact of the abnormal N-glycosylation of tau on its aggregation propensity. *Sci. Rep.* <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-019-39218-x>
 6. Bugiani et al., 1999. Frontotemporal Dementia and Corticobasal Degeneration in a Family with a P301S Mutation in Tau. *J Neuropathol Exp Neurol*. doi: 10.1097/00005072-199906000-00011.
 7. Goedert and Crowther, 1999. Effects of frontotemporal dementia FTDP-17 mutations on heparin-induced assembly of tau filaments. *FEBS Lett*. DOI: 10.1016/s0014-5793(99)00508-7
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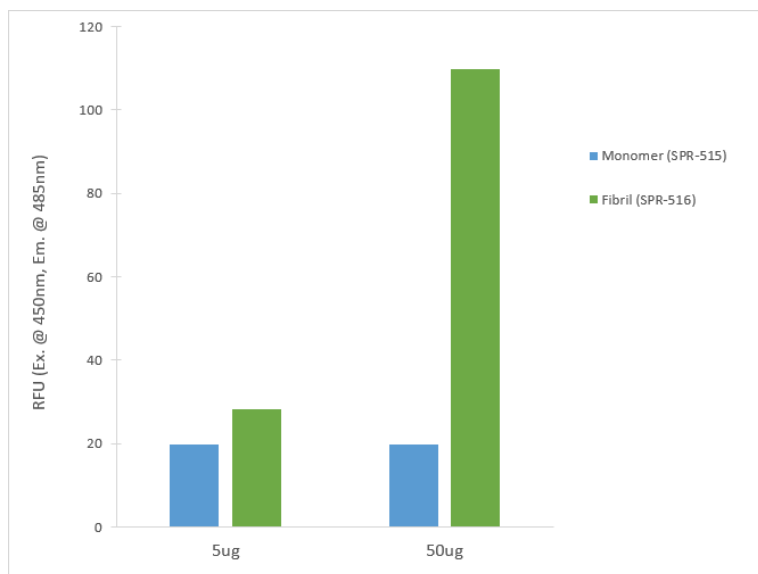
Product Images



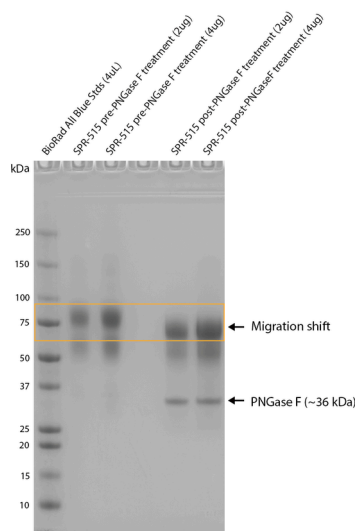
Representative TEM image of Cho-expressed Tau 2N4R P301S Pre-Formed Fibrils (SPR-516), 200nm scale. Negative stain transmission electron microscopy images of SPR-516 acquired at 80 Kv on carbon coated 400 mesh copper grids using phosphotungstic acid and uranyl acetate stain.



Native-PAGE of CHO-expressed Tau monomers (SPR-515) & fibrils (SPR-516) on a 12% Tris-glycine gel (no SDS). Lane 1: Biorad All Blue Standards (4uL). Lane 2: CHO-expressed hTau 2N4R P301S monomer (2ug). Lane 3: CHO-expressed hTau 2N4R P301S fibril (2ug). Lane 4: n/a. Lane 5: CHO-expressed hTau 2N4R P301S monomer (4ug). Lane 6: CHO-expressed hTau 2N4R P301S fibril (4ug). Note: native proteins typically migrate much slower through a gel compared to reduced, SDS-treated MW standards.



ThT fluorescence (excitation at 450nm, emission at 485nm) of CHO-expressed Tau monomers (SPR-515) and pre-formed fibrils (SPR-516). The graph shows an increased ThT signal in 5 & 50 ug of fibrils compared to 5 & 50 ug of monomers.



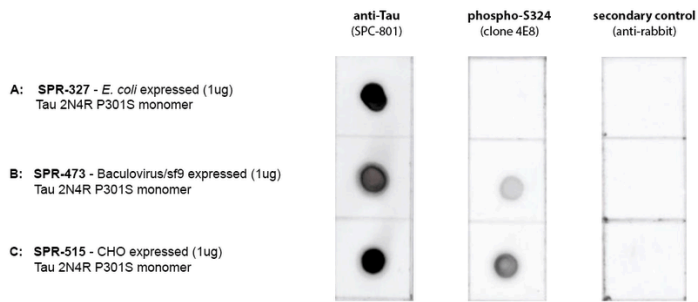
PNGase F treatment of CHO-expressed tau shows an observable shift in apparent MW, indicating the presence of N-glycosylation. Monomers were treated with PNGase F (NEB), a glycosidase which specifically cleaves between the innermost GlcNAc and asparagine residues of N-linked oligosaccharides, and incubated at 37°C for 1 hour and run on a 5-12% gradient Bis-Tris gel.

Site	Example peptide (CHO-expressed tau 2N4R P301S)	N-glycosylation motif (N-X-S/T/C) present?	Modification	Best Ascore	Localization Probability	No PNGase F		With PNGase F	
						Modified/Total (CID)	Modified/Total (HCD)	Modified/Total (CID)	Modified/Total (HCD)
N167	GQAnATRIPAK	Yes	Deamidated	55.92	100%	0/0	0/0	3/3	0/0
N255	LQTAPVMPDLK _n VK	No	Deamidated	1,000.00	100%	2/2	3/8	2/4	2/8
N265	IGSTEnLK	No	Deamidated	1,000.00	100%	15/40	14/54	16/74	13/82
N279	VQIInKK	No	Deamidated	91.37	100%	24/34	10/18	18/62	18/61
N286	LDLSnVQSK	No	Deamidated	44.72	100%	2/65	2/57	2/120	1/125
N327	CGSLGnIHHKPGGGQVEVK	No	Deamidated	45.36	100%	1/3	5/6	0/0	0/0
N359	IGSLDnITHVPGGGNKK	Yes	Deamidated	1,000.00	100%	15/37	17/37	65/94	63/97
N368	IGSLDNITHVPGGGnKK	No	Deamidated	1,000.00	100%	1/37	2/37	16/94	4/97
N381	LTFREnAK	No	Deamidated	1,000.00	100%	10/11	11/13	0/0	3/3
N410	SPVVSGDTS _n PRHLS _n VSSTGSI DMVDS _n PQLATLAEV _n SASLA	Yes	Deamidated	17.46	99%	0/1	0/0	0/1	1/2

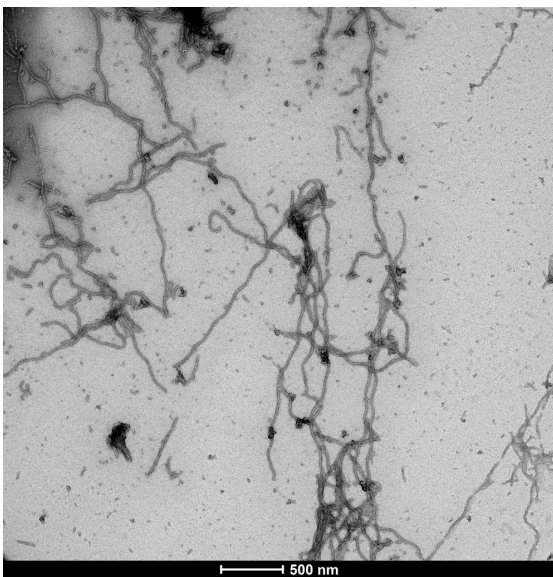
Modified/Total deamidation spectrum counts as determined by mass spectrometry of CHO-expressed tau before and after PNGase F treatment identifies potential N-glycosylation sites at N167, N359 and N410. Blue color indicates deamidation sites that match the N-glycosylation motif (N-X-S/T/C) and have a higher deamidation count after PNGase F treatment. No deamidation was present at N167 or N410 without PNGase F, suggesting these residues are protected from nonspecific deamidation by N-glycosylation. Some deamidation was present at N359 without PNGase F treatment, indicating a population of monomers is not glycosylated at this position. Several non-consensus, non-PNGase F-dependent deamidation sites were present, which may have occurred during production or the mass spectrometry workflow. Both CID and HCD fragmentation methods were used to improve sequence coverage and deamidation detection. Overall protein sequence coverage was 82%, with a localization probability cutoff set at $\geq 95\%$.

Site	Modification	Best Ascore	Localization Probability	P301S tau 2N4R (CHO) CID	P301S tau 2N4R (CHO) HCD
T17	Phospho	17.01	100%	0 / 456	1 / 513
Y29	Phospho	40.91	100%	0 / 365	8 / 296
T30	Phospho	9.40	89%	0 / 365	1 / 296
S262	Phospho	33.98	100%	6 / 40	5 / 54
S324	Phospho	1,000.00	100%	0 / 3	5 / 6
T403	Phospho	7.65	85%	0 / 343	2 / 191
S404	Phospho	23.10	99%	5 / 343	0 / 191

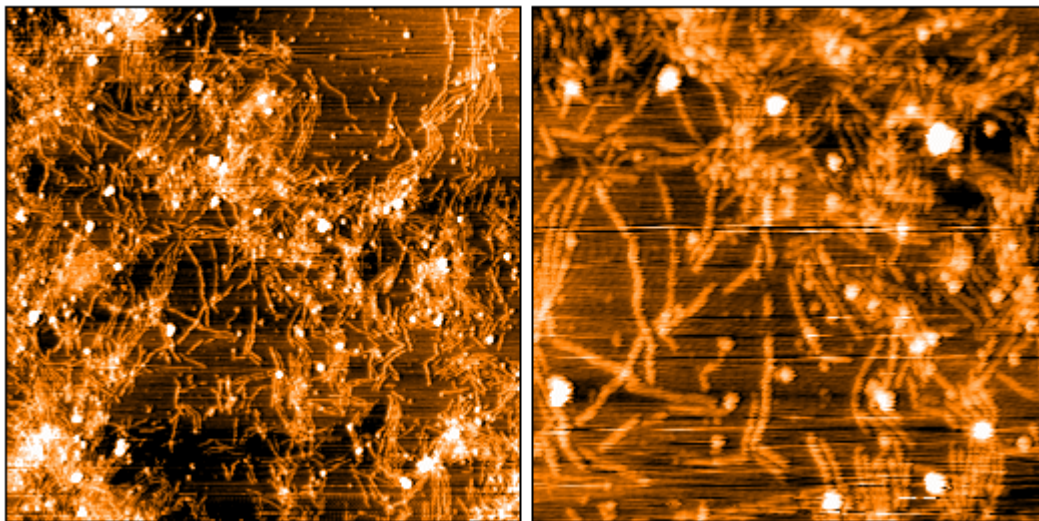
Modified/Total phosphorylation PTM spectrum counts reveal up to 7 phosphorylation sites on human P301S Tau 2N4R monomers expressed using CHO as determined by mass spectrometry. Both CID and HCD fragmentation methods were used to improve sequence coverage and deamidation detection. Protein sequence coverage was 82%. Localization probability cutoff set at $\geq 80\%$ (yellow) or $\geq 95\%$ (green). Note: number of phosphorylation sites appear less than Baculovirus/Sf9 expressed tau 2N4R (see StressMarq cat# SPR-471, 472, 496 and 498).



Dot Blot of purified hTau (2N4R) P301S monomers using Stressmarq's SPC-801 and a phospho-S324 Tau antibody (GeneBio Systems) comparing phosphorylation in *E. coli*-expressed, baculovirus/sf9-expressed, and CHO-expressed material. Protein was blotted on nitrocellulose, incubated with 1:1000 primary antibodies and/or 1:4000 secondary antibodies. Secondary control is goat-anti rabbit:HRP. Exposed 1 second.



Representative TEM image of SPR-516, 500nm scale. Negative stain transmission electron microscopy images of SPR-516 acquired at 80 Kv on carbon coated 400 mesh copper grids using phosphotungstic acid and uranyl acetate stain.



Atomic force microscopy analysis of 5 mg/mL SPR-516 diluted to 0.5 mg/mL with dH₂O mounted on freshly cleaved mica, washed, dried and analyzed with tapping mode. Representative images are 5 x 5 μm x-y (left) and 2 x 2 μm x-y (right), both with a Z-range set at 12 nm.

Product Citations

Reviews

There are no reviews yet.