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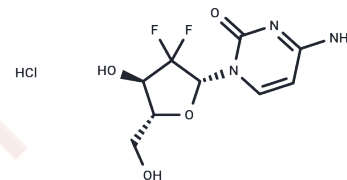
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Gemcitabine hydrochloride

Chemical Properties

CAS No. :	122111-03-9
Formula:	C ₉ H ₁₁ F ₂ N ₃ O ₄ ·HCl
Molecular Weight:	299.66
Appearance:	no data available
Storage:	Powder: -20°C for 3 years In solvent: -80°C for 1 year



Biological Description

Description	Gemcitabine hydrochloride (LY 188011 hydrochloride) is a synthetic cytosine nucleoside derivative and an inhibitor of DNA synthesis. Gemcitabine has antitumor and antimetabolic activities. Gemcitabine induces autophagy and apoptosis.
Targets(IC50)	Apoptosis,Nucleoside Antimetabolite/Analog,DNA/RNA Synthesis,Autophagy
In vitro	<p>METHODS: PDAC-derived paired primary cancer cells (PCCs) PCC-1, PCC-2, PCC-5, PCC-6, and PDAC cells BxPC-3, Mia PaCa-2, and Panc-1 were treated with Gemcitabine hydrochloride (0.001-1000 μM) for 48 h, and the cells were assayed for cell growth inhibition using MTT.</p> <p>RESULTS: Gemcitabine dose-dependently inhibited the growth of PCC-1, PCC-2, PCC-5, PCC-6, BxPC-3, Mia PaCa-2, and Panc-1 cells with IC₅₀ of 1.2/0.3/1.2/4.3/4.2/7.9/10.5 μM, respectively.[1]</p> <p>METHODS: Human pancreatic cancer cells PK-1 were treated with Gemcitabine hydrochloride (30 nM) for 24-48 h. The cell cycle was examined by Flow Cytometry.</p> <p>RESULTS: Gemcitabine induced an increase in the percentage of PK-1 cells in the G₀/G₁ phase and a decrease in the percentage of S-phase and G₂/M cells, and Gemcitabine induced S-phase cell cycle arrest in PK-1 cells. [2]</p> <p>METHODS: Human lung cancer cells SPC-A1 and A549 were transfected with GFP-labeled LC3, incubated with Gemcitabine hydrochloride (5 μM) for 24 h, and then LC3 expression was detected by confocal laser scanning microscopy.</p> <p>RESULTS: The accumulation of LC3-II is a marker of autophagy. Gemcitabine significantly increased the GFP-LC3 spots in the tumor cells, indicating an increase in the level of autophagy. [3]</p>
In vivo	<p>METHODS: To detect anti-tumor activity in vivo, Gemcitabine hydrochloride (20 mg/kg) was intraperitoneally injected into BALB/cAJcl-nu/nu mice bearing human high-grade meningioma tumor HKBMM twice a week for four weeks.</p> <p>RESULTS: Gemcitabine treatment not only inhibited tumorigenesis but also tumor growth. Gemcitabine blocked the cell cycle progression and promoted apoptosis in tumor cells in vivo. Gemcitabine exerted potent anti-tumor activity against high-grade meningiomas through cytostatic and cytotoxic mechanisms. [4]</p> <p>METHODS: To assay antitumor activity in vivo, Gemcitabine hydrochloride (50 mg/kg/twice weekly/peritoneal injection) and DMAPT (40 mg/kg/day/gavage) were administered to LSL-KrasG12D/+; LSL-Trp53R172H; and Pdx-1-Cre mutant mice bearing pancreatic cancer tumors.</p> <p>RESULTS: Gemcitabine or the DMAPT/Gemcitabine combination significantly increased</p>

	median survival (254.5 or 255 versus 217.5 days) and decreased the incidence and diversity of pancreatic adenocarcinomas. Gemcitabine treatment increased plasma levels of IL-1 α , IL-1 β , and IL-17 in mice. While DMAPT/Gemcitabine decreased the levels of IL-12p40, MCP-1, MIP-1 β , eotaxin and TNF- α , all target genes of κ B. [5]
Cell Research	The cytotoxic effect of gemcitabine was evaluated with the MTT assay. SPC-A1 or A549 cells were treated with gemcitabine (0.05-500 μ M) for 24 h. Then, 10 μ l of MTT (5 mg/ml in PBS) was added to each well and incubated for 4 h at 37 C. Then, the formazan crystals were solubilized with 200 μ l DMSO. The absorbance at 570 nm was measured using an automatic multiwell spectrophotometer. The experiment was repeated four times for each group [3].
Animal Research	At 1 month of age, LSL-Kras G12D/+; LSL-Trp53 R172H; Pdx-1-Cre mice are randomized into treatment groups (placebo, DMAPT, Gemcitabine, DMAPT/Gemcitabine). Placebo (vehicle=hydroxylpropyl methylcellulose, 0.2% Tween 80 [HPMT]) and DMAPT (40 mg/kg body weight in HPMT) are administered by oral gastric lavage once daily. Gemcitabine (50 mg/kg body weight in PBS) is administered by intraperitoneal injection twice weekly. Mouse weight is monitored weekly. Treatment is continued until mice show signs of lethargy, abdominal distension or weight loss at which time they are sacrificed. Successful excision-recombination events are confirmed in the pancreata of mice by detecting the presence of a single LoxP site [5].

Solubility Information

Solubility	H2O: 30 mg/mL (100 mM), DMSO: 50 mg/mL (166.86 mM), ($<$ 1 mg/ml refers to the product slightly soluble or insoluble)
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Preparing Stock Solutions

	1mg	5mg	10mg
1 mM	3.3371 mL	16.6856 mL	33.3712 mL
5 mM	0.6674 mL	3.3371 mL	6.6742 mL
10 mM	0.3337 mL	1.6686 mL	3.3371 mL
50 mM	0.0667 mL	0.3337 mL	0.6674 mL

Please select the appropriate solvent to prepare the stock solution, according to the solubility of the product in different solvents. Please use it as soon as possible.

Reference

Huang C S, You X, Dai C, et al. Targeting Super-Enhancers via Nanoparticle-Facilitated BRD4 and CDK7 Inhibitors Synergistically Suppresses Pancreatic Ductal Adenocarcinoma. *Advanced Science*. 2020, 7(7): 1902926

Inhibitor · Natural Compounds · Compound Libraries · Recombinant Proteins

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