# Safety Data Sheet



Creation Date: August 12, 2024

Revision Date: August 12, 2024

According	to the	UN GHS	revision	8
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1.	IDENTIFICATION		
1.1	GHS Product identifier		
	Product name:	Colchicine	
	Catalog Number:	тоз20	
	CAS Number:	64-86-8	
1.2	Other means of identifica	tion	
	Other names:		
1.3	Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use		
	Identified uses:		
1.4	Supplier's details		
	Company:	Targetmol Chemicals Inc.	
	Uses advised against:	36 Washington Street, Wellesley Hills, Massachusetts 02481 USA	
	Tel/Fax:	(781) 999-4286	
1.5	Emergency phone numbe	r	
	Emergency phone number:	781-999-4286	
	Service hours:	Monday to Friday, 9am-5pm (Standard timezone:UTC/GMT -5hours).	
2.	HAZARD IDENTIFICATION		
2.1	Classification of the subst	ance or mixture	

Acute toxicity - Category 2, Oral Germ cell mutagenicity, Category 1B

# 2.2 GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram(s):	
iignal word:	Danger
lazard statement(s):	H300 Fatal if swallowed H340 May cause genetic defects
Precautionary statement(s):	
Prevention:	P264 Wash thoroughly after handling. P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P203 Obtain, read and follow all safety instructions before use. P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection/
Response:	P301+P316 IF SWALLOWED: Get emergency medical help immediately. P321 Specific treatment (see on this label). P330 Rinse mouth. P318 IF exposed or concerned, get medical advice.
Storage:	P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

# 2.3 Other hazards which do not resultin classification

no data available

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

# 3.1 Substances

Chemical name	Common names and synonyms	CAS number	EC number
Colchicine	-	64-86-8	200-598-5

# 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

# 4.1 Description of necessary first-aid measures

#### **General advice**

no data available

### If inhaled

Move the victim into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and consult a doctor immediately. Do not use mouth to mouth resuscitation if the victim ingested or inhaled the chemical.

#### Following skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a doctor.

#### Following eye contact

Rinse with pure water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a doctor.

#### **Following ingestion**

Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a doctor or Poison Control Center immediately.

# 4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Granulocyte colony-stimulating factor (filgrastim) has been used to treat pancytopenia after colchicine overdose. It appears to elevate blood counts, but its effect on recovery after overdose is unknown.

# 4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

It is classified as super toxic. Probable oral lethal dose in humans is less than 5 mg/kg, i.e. less than 7 drops for a 70 kg (150 lb.) person. Death results from respiratory arrest. The fatal dose varies considerably; as little as 7 mg of colchicine has proved fatal. (EPA, 1998)

# 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

# 5.1 Extinguishing media

If a tank, rail car, or tank truck is involved in a fire, isolate it for 0.5 miles (800 m) in all directions; also consider initial evacuation for 0.5 miles (800 m) in all directions.

# 5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Stable. (EPA, 1998)

# 5.3 Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

# 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing mist, gas or vapours. Avoid contacting with skin and eye. Use personal protective equipment. Wear chemical impermeable gloves. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

# 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further spillage or leakage if it is safe to do so. Do not let the chemical enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be

#### avoided.

# 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Wipe up spillage or collect spillage using a high efficiency vacuum cleaner. Avoid breathing dust. Place spillage in appropriately labelled container for disposal. Wash spill site.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

# 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

# 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store the container tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store apart from foodstuff containers or incompatible materials.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1 Control parameters

#### **Occupational Exposure limit values**

no data available

#### **Biological limit values**

no data available

### 8.2 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the riskelimination area.

# 8.3 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### Eye/face protection

Wear tightly fitting safety goggles with side-shields conforming to EN 166(EU) or NIOSH (US).

#### Skin protection

Wear fire/flame resistant and impervious clothing. Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

#### **Respiratory protection**

If the exposure limits are exceeded, irritation or other symptoms are experienced, use a full-face respirator.

#### Thermal hazards

no data available

### PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state	Colchicine is an odorless or nearly odorless pale yellow needles or powder that darkens on exposure to light. Used to treat gouty arthritis, pseudogout, sarcoidal arthritis and calcific tendinitis. (EPA, 1998)
Color	Pale yellow scales or powder; pale yellow needles when crystallized from ethyl acetate
Odour	Odorless or nearly so
Melting point/ freezing point	-2°C(lit.)
Boilingpoint or initial boiling point and boiling range	62°C/22mmHg(lit.)
Flammability	no data available
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	no data available
Flash point	78°C(lit.)
Auto-ignition temperature	no data available

# A DRUG SCREENING EXPERT

Decomposition temperature	no data available
рН	pH of 0.5% solution: 5.9
Kinematic viscosity	no data available
Solubility	DMSO: 45 mg/mL (112.66 mM), H2O: 1.33 mg/mL (3.34 mM),Sonication is recommended.
N-octanol-water partition coefficient	no data available
Vapour pressure	3.2X10-11 mm Hg at 25 deg C (est)
Density and/ or relative density	1.32 g/cm3
Relative vapour density	no data available
Particle characteristics	no data available

# **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

### 10.1 Reactivity

When heated to decomposition, colchicine emits toxic fumes of carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and nitrogen oxides.Colchicine is incompatible with strong oxidants and mineral acids.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

Colchicine able to withstand drying, storage, and boiling.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Slight.Colchicine withstands drying, storage, or boiling.COLCHICINE darkens on exposure to light. Incompatible with strong oxidizing agents. Also incompatible with mineral acids (NTP, 1992).

# 10.4 Conditions to avoid

no data available

## 10.5 Incompatible materials

no data available

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

When heated to decomposition, colchicine emits toxic fumes of carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, and nitrogen oxides.

# **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### Acute toxicity

Oral: LD50 Mouse oral 5886 ug/kg Inhalation: no data available Dermal: no data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

**Respiratory or skin sensitization** 

no data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

Carcinogenicity

no data available

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

no data available

#### STOT-single exposure

no data available

#### STOT-repeated exposure

no data available

# Aspiration hazard

no data available

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## 12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish: no data available Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: no data available Toxicity to algae: no data available Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

no data available

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

An estimated BCF of 2.2 was calculated in fish for colchicine(SRC), using a log Kow of 1.03(1) and a regression-derived equation(2). According to a classification scheme(3), this BCF suggests the potential for bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is low(SRC).

#### 12.4 Mobility in soil

Using a structure estimation method based on molecular connectivity indices(1), the Koc of colchicine can be estimated to be 1,900(SRC). According to a classification scheme(2), this estimated Koc value suggests that colchicine is expected to have low mobility in soil.

#### 12.5 Other adverse effects

no data available

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### 13.1 Disposal methods

#### Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

#### **Contaminated packaging**

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

#### 14.1 UN Number

no data available

## 14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name

no data available

### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

no data available

### 14.4 Packing group, if applicable

no data available

# 14.5 Environmental hazards

no data available

## 14.6 Special precautions for user

no data available

## 14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

no data available

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

# 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Listed.
EC Inventory	Listed.
United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Listed.
China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015	Not Listed.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIOC)	Listed.
Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Listed.
Vietnam National Chemical Inventory	Listed.
Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC)	Listed.
Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL)	Not Listed.

### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

#### Information on revision

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#### Abbreviations and acronyms

- CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service
- ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- IATA: International Air Transportation Association
- TWA: Time Weighted Average
- STEL: Short term exposure limit
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal Dose 50%
- EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

#### References

- IPCS The International Chemical Safety Cards (ICSC), website: http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home
- HSDB Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm
- IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer, website: http://www.iarc.fr/

eChemPortal - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances by OECD, website: http://www.echemportal.

org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request\_locale=en

CAMEO Chemicals, website: http://cameochemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple

ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp

ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.

gov/hazmat/library/erg

Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

# Other Information

no data available

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