Safety Data Sheet



According to the UN GHS revision 8

Creation Date: August 13, 2024 Revision Date: August 13, 2024

1. IDENTIFICATION

1.1 GHS Product identifier

Product name: Squalene

Catalog Number: T4749

CAS Number: 111-02-4

1.2 Other means of identification

Other names:

1.3 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Identified uses: no data available

1.4 Supplier's details

Company: Targetmol Chemicals Inc.

Uses advised against: 36 Washington Street, Wellesley Hills, Massachusetts 02481 USA

Tel/Fax: (781) 999-4286

1.5 Emergency phone number

Emergency phone number: 781-999-4286

Service hours: Monday to Friday, 9am-5pm (Standard timezone: UTC/GMT -5hours).

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Aspiration hazard, Category 1

2.2 GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram(s):



Signal word: Danger

Hazard statement(s): H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways

Precautionary statement(s):

Prevention: none

Response:

P301+P316 IF SWALLOWED: Get emergency medical help immediately.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

Storage: P405 Store l°Cked up.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container to an appropriate treatment and disposal facility in accordance

with applicable laws and regulations, and product characteristics at time of disposal.

2.3 Other hazards which do not resultin classification

no data available

3.

COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

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3.1 Substances

Chemical name	Common names and synonyms	CAS number	EC number
Squalene	-	111-02-4	203-826-1

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of necessary first-aid measures

General advice

no data available

If inhaled

Move the victim into fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration and consult a d°Ctor immediately. Do not use mouth to mouth resuscitation if the victim ingested or inhaled the chemical.

Following skin contact

Take off contaminated clothing immediately. Wash off with soap and plenty of water. Consult a doctor.

Following eye contact

Rinse with pure water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a d°Ctor.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a d°Ctor or Poison Control Center immediately.

4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Immediate first aid: Ensure that adequate decontamination has been carried out. If patient is not breathing, start artificial respiration, preferably with a demand valve resuscitator, bag-valve-mask device, or p°Cket mask, as trained. Perform CPR if necessary. Immediately flush contaminated eyes with gently flowing water. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting °Ccurs, lean patient forward or place on the left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain an open airway and prevent aspiration. Keep patient quiet and maintain normal body temperature. Obtain medical attention. Aliphatic hydr°Carbons and related compounds

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

ACUTE/CHRONIC HAZARDS: When heated to decomposition this compound emits toxic fumes of carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. (NTP, 1992)

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical

This chemical is probably combustible. (NTP, 1992)

5.3 Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus for firefighting if necessary.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid dust formation. Avoid breathing mist, gas or vapours. Avoid contacting with skin and eye. Use personal protective equipment. Wear chemical impermeable gloves. Ensure adequate ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further spillage or leakage if it is safe to do so. Do not let the chemical enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas. Ensure adequate ventilation. Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Environmental precautions: Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up: Soak up with inert absorbent

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material and dispose of as hazardous waste. Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Handling in a well ventilated place. Wear suitable protective clothing. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid formation of dust and aerosols. Use non-sparking tools. Prevent fire caused by electrostatic discharge steam.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Recommended storage temperature 2 - 8 deg C. Storage class (TRGS 510): Combustible liquids

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure limit values

no data available

Biological limit values

no data available

8.2 Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Set up emergency exits and the risk-elimination area.

8.3 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Wear tightly fitting safety goggles with side-shields conforming to EN 166(EU) or NIOSH (US).

Skin protection

Wear fire/flame resistant and impervious clothing. Handle with gloves. Gloves must be inspected prior to use. Wash and dry hands. The selected protective gloves have to satisfy the specifications of EU Directive 89/686/EEC and the standard EN 374 derived from it.

Respiratory protection

If the exposure limits are exceeded, irritation or other symptoms are experienced, use a full-face respirator.

Thermal hazards

no data available

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical state Liquid. Viscous.

Color Pale yellow, translucent liquid.

Odour Faint agreeable odor

Melting point/ freezing point Ca. -75 °C. Atm. press.:Ca. 1 atm.

Boilingpoint or initial boiling point

and boiling range

Ca. 335 °C. Atm. press.:Ca. 1 atm.

Flammability no data available

Lower and upper explosion

limit/flammability limit

no data available

Flash point > 200 °C. Atm. press.:Ca. 1 atm.

Auto-ignition temperature no data available

Decomposition temperature no data available

pH no data available

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A DRUG SCREENING EXPERT

kinematic viscosity (in mm2/s) = Ca. 22.9. Temperature:20°C.;kinematic viscosity (in mm2/s) = Ca.

13.1. Temperature:40°C.;dynamic viscosity (in mPa s) = Ca. 19.6. Temperature:20°C.

Solubility DMSO: 55 mg/mL (133.91 mM),

N-octanol-water partition

coefficient

log Pow = Ca. 14.12. Temperature:25 °C.

Vapour pressure Ca. 0 Pa. Temperature: Ca. 25 °C. Remarks: Modified Grain method.

Density and/ or relative density > 0.855 - < 0.865. Temperature:20 °C.

Relative vapour density no data available

Particle characteristics no data available

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

May become discolored on exposure to air. Insoluble in water.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

TRANS-SQUALENE is incompatible with strong oxidizing agents. (NTP, 1992).

10.4 Conditions to avoid

no data available

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

When heated to decomposition it emits acrid smoke and irritating vapors.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Oral: LD50 - mouse (male/female) - > 50 mL/kg bw. Inhalation: LC0 - rat (male/female) - ca. 9.1 mg/kg.

Dermal: no data available

Skin corrosion/irritation

no data available

Serious eye damage/irritation

no data available

Respiratory or skin sensitization

no data available

Germ cell mutagenicity

no data available

Carcinogenicity

no data available

Reproductive toxicity

no data available

STOT-single exposure

no data available

STOT-repeated exposure

no data available

Aspiration hazard

no data available

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Toxicity to fish: no data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: no data available

Toxicity to algae: no data available

Toxicity to microorganisms: no data available

12.2 Persistence and degradability

AEROBIC: Using OECD Guideline 301F (Ready Biodegradability: Manometric Respirometry Test) and an adapted activated sludge in Culum, squalene (at 20 mg/L) achieved an 80.1% degradation over a 28-day incubation period which classified the compound as inherently biodegradable(1); squalene did not exceed a 60% degradation which is fast enough to be classified as readily biodegradable in this test (it reached 54.4% in the required time frame)(1). In another study using OECD Guideline 301F (Ready Biodegradability: Manometric Respirometry Test), squalene (at 100 mg/L) achieved 42.6% degradation over a 28-day incubation period which again classified the compound as not readily biodegradable(1). Microorganisms isolated from soil were able to use squalene as a carbon source(2).

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

no data available

12.4 Mobility in soil

Using a structure estimation method based on molecular connectivity indices(1), the K°C of squalene can be estimated to be 1X10+8(SRC). According to a classification scheme(2), this estimated K°C value suggests that squalene is expected to be immobile mobility in soil.

12.5 Other adverse effects

no data available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Disposal methods

Product

The material can be disposed of by removal to a licensed chemical destruction plant or by controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing. Do not contaminate water, foodstuffs, feed or seed by storage or disposal. Do not discharge to sewer systems.

Contaminated packaging

Containers can be triply rinsed (or equivalent) and offered for recycling or reconditioning. Alternatively, the packaging can be punctured to make it unusable for other purposes and then be disposed of in a sanitary landfill. Controlled incineration with flue gas scrubbing is possible for combustible packaging materials.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 UN Number

no data available

14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name

no data available

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

no data available

14.4 Packing group, if applicable

no data available

14.5 Environmental hazards

no data available

14.6 Special precautions for user

no data available

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

no data available

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Listed.
EC Inventory	Listed.
United States Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Listed.
China Catalog of Hazardous chemicals 2015	Not Listed.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZI°C)	Listed.
Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Listed.
Vietnam National Chemical Inventory	Listed.
Chinese Chemical Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China IECSC)	Listed.
Korea Existing Chemicals List (KECL)	Listed.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Information on revision

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Abbreviations and acronyms

- CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service
- ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road
- RID: Regulation concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail
- IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- IATA: International Air Transportation Association
- TWA: Time Weighted Average
- STEL: Short term exposure limit
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal Dose 50%
- EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

References

 $IPCS-The\ International\ Chemical\ Safety\ Cards\ (ICSC),\ website:\ http://www.ilo.org/dyn/icsc/showcard.home$

HSDB - Hazardous Substances Data Bank, website: https://toxnet.nlm.nih.gov/newtoxnet/hsdb.htm

 ${\sf IARC-International\ Agency\ for\ Research\ on\ Cancer,\ website:\ http://www.iarc.fr/}$

 $e Chem Portal - The \ Global \ Portal \ to \ Information \ on \ Chemical \ Substances \ by \ OECD, \ website: \ http://www.echemportal.$

org/echemportal/index?pageID=0&request_l°Cale=en

 ${\it CAMEO\ Chemicals, website: http://came {\it ``Chemicals.noaa.gov/search/simple'}}$

ChemIDplus, website: http://chem.sis.nlm.nih.gov/chemidplus/chemidlite.jsp

ERG - Emergency Response Guidebook by U.S. Department of Transportation, website: http://www.phmsa.dot.

gov/hazmat/library/erg

Germany GESTIS-database on hazard substance, website: http://www.dguv.de/ifa/gestis/gestis-stoffdatenbank/index-2.jsp ECHA - European Chemicals Agency, website: https://echa.europa.eu/

Other Information

no data available

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